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# Storm of Arab protest on Heykal's suggestion for political settlement

Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter

Arab news media in capitals stretching from Amman to Algiers yesterday voiced scathing attacks on "Al-Ahram" editor Mohammed Hassanein Heykal for telling the Egyptians Friday — and by implication all Arabs — that their only option in the Middle East conflict was a political settlement.

Heykal's remarks, in his Friday weekly column, came as Egypt appeared to be putting high hopes on the reactivation of the mission of U.N. Middle East envoy Dr. Gunnar Jarring. Heykal's talk of political settlement came as the Egyptian government said it was intensifying its war preparations including the production of weaponry, indicating that Cairo would need some time for political talking before it was ready for military ventures.

Amman's "A-Destour" newspaper charged that the Egyptian editor was advocating an Arab "surrender" to a political settlement that is not based on Security Council Resolution 242.

The Beirut English-language newspaper, the "Daily Star," urged Egypt to dissociate itself officially from Heykal's "defeatist views." "If the Egyptian government is reluctant to sack Mr. Heykal it can at least dissociate itself officially from his defeatist views," the paper said in an editorial headlined "Halt to Heykal."

Expressing similar views, the pro-Israel newspaper "Beirut" said that deeper consideration of Heykal's articles and aims would lead to popular support of the Cairo students' call that the "Al-Ahram" editor should stand trial. It added that Heykal's "contradictory" articles were characterized by his hostility to the Arab masses and "advocacy of surrender to the U.S. in the first place and the Zionist enemy in the second."

The official Algerian News Agency Friday also criticized Heykal for his "defeatism."

NOT STRONG ENOUGH

In his article, Heykal said that the Arabs at this stage do not have the required military power to dislodge Israel from even the smallest town in Sinai or the Golan Heights.

"Let us face it, neither the required strength nor the visible circumstances are opportune for the use of sheer force. Our only real alternative is the political settlement, which is itself a combination of many elements including the use of force, economic strength, diplomatic parleys and propaganda media," he said.

Heykal explained that a military settlement of problems today was impossible because the absolute use of force was restricted by international considerations. Even those who possess the military strength could not use it, he said, citing the U.S. which could occupy Cuba in one hour but would not because of the hazards and risks involved, and the Soviet Union, which could paralyze China's atomic force but for deterring considerations.

It was wrong to say the Arabs have exhausted all means for a political settlement, he said.

## Social and Personal

Jacob Stein, chairman of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations, and its executive director, Mr. Yehuda Helman, on Friday called on Prime Minister Golda Meir.

The Lord Mayor of Manchester, Mr. Douglas John Edwards, was on Friday the luncheon guest of Tel Aviv Mayor Yehoshua Rabinowitz, after a guided tour of the town.

Dr. Roy Wilkins, executive director of the National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People, and Mrs. Wilkins on Friday visited the Hadassah Medical Centre in Jerusalem and were received by the deputy director, Dr. Jack Karpas.

Mr. Patrick Cunningham, county leader from the Bronx, New York, visited the University of Haifa on Wednesday, accompanied by Mr. Baker and Miss Slaker, and lunched with senior faculty members.

The Jewish National Fund study missions from Annapolis and Baltimore, led by Mr. Bernard Kiewe, director of the J.N.F. of Annapolis, attended a tree planting ceremony at the Kennedy Memorial Forest on Friday and dedicated the Gustav Berl Grove. They also dedicated the David and Sandra Barle Grove in the Jewish War Veterans Forest at Shashariya.

Mrs. Crystal Bennett will lecture in English on "Excavations at Beisrah in Southern Jordan," under the auspices of the Hebrew Union College and the Albright Archaeological Institute, at the Rockefeller Museum, at 4 o'clock today. The public is invited.

**ENGAGEMENT**  
MARCUS-BAUMGARTEN. — Ora, daughter of Alec and Jeff Marcus (formerly of Johannesburg), and Yigal, son of Chayim and Shalom Baumgarten, have announced their engagement in Jerusalem.

Fashionable Furs — of course at Rosen's Fur Salon, 72 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv, Tel. 615990. Open all day. Styles 1972. (Adv.)

## 32 drown in Iran bus accident

TEHERAN (AP). — Thirty-two persons drowned when the bus in which they were travelling was swept away by strong currents as it was fording the Kal river near Minab, 60 kms. north of Bandar-Abbas on the Persian Gulf, press reports reaching here said yesterday.

The driver reportedly ignored traffic police warnings and drove the bus into the river. Thirty-nine passengers were rescued, the report said.

## 18 perish as airliner hits house

ALBANY, N.Y. (AP). — An airliner making an instrument approach to Albany airport on Friday night with a capacity load of 44 passengers and three crew fell into a residential neighbourhood and crashed through a two-storey home. Most of the passengers were businessmen returning from New York City.

Authorities said 18 persons were killed, including one resident of the house. The homeowner, building contractor Joseph Rosen, his wife, and their young sons escaped serious injury. They were buried out of the house.

The pilot and co-pilot of the twin-engine Mohawk Airlines turboprop were among those who died. A stewardess was one of the 33 persons admitted to hospitals. Also killed was a man who lived on the second floor of the Rosen home.

The impact pushed the house four to five metres off its foundations. The first floor was shattered and the second collapsed onto the fuselage. The cockpit came to rest in the backyard and the tail jutted from the front door.

The plane had apparently shut down one of its engines as it was making the instrument approach through light snow and overcast, a spokesman for the Federal Aviation Administration at the airport said.

## Altmann-Barbie case dropped for lack of \$7,000 fees

LA PAZ, Bolivia. — The \$7,000 cost of court action has prevented 67-year-old Jewish woman Ita Halaunbrenner from prosecuting Klaus Altmann, the man she believes to be Klaus Barbie, Gestapo chief in Lyons, France. She wants him charged specifically with the concentration camp deaths of her husband and three sons.

Mrs. Halaunbrenner said she could not afford the legal fees and nobody here would help raise them. So she is returning to France tomorrow.

She had been brought to Bolivia by Nazi-hunter Beate Klarsfeld.

"This is too high a fee for a just cause," said Mrs. Halaunbrenner, but the president of the local bar said it could not be done for less.

The woman who says she should recognize Barbie "in an instant" if she saw him, has been unsuccessful in attempts to seek a face-to-face meeting with Altmann.

**POMPIDOU LETTER**

The exchange of letters between Presidents Georges Pompidou and Hugo Banzer on the Altmann-Barbie affair were published in Paris yesterday. In his personal letter to the Bolivian President, Mr. Pompidou has suggested that the war crimes of Barbie should not go unpunished. But he did not specifically request extradition to France.

Barbie was sentenced to death by a French military court for his part in the torture and death of French resistance fighters and the

sending of French Jews to concentration camps.

President Pompidou's decision to write personally to President Banzer was made amid criticism here that the French Government had not been acting decisively enough to obtain Altmann's return to France.

The letter was termed "particularly insistent and forceful" by Government spokesman Leo Haron reporting on discussions at a Cabinet meeting here five days after the letter sent on February 11. Mr. Pompidou told President Banzer in the letter that time wiped out many things, but not all.

He said he had confidence "in your noble country and I express to you my confidence that the Bolivian Government will shortly take a decision which, in spite of the failings of a vile man, will allow justice to exercise its full rights."

President Banzer wrote in reply that he realized the repercussions in France of the news that Altmann might be Barbie. The Bolivian Government wanted above all to maintain their high reputation for respect for laws and procedures which inspired and led Bolivia's legal system, President Banzer added.

"It is on the basis of these concepts that I can assure you, Mr. President, that it will be the Bolivian magistrates, called by the law to deal with this affair, who will have the last and just words," he concluded. (AP, Reuter)

## Dutch Premier, Queen discuss Nazi pardons

THE HAGUE. — The Dutch Cabinet yesterday resumed its marathon discussions on the fate of Holland's last three Nazi war criminals, after talking into the early hours in a previous session. Yesterday's session began in the early afternoon amid speculation that Premier Barend Biesheuvel was under combined pressure from both Queen Juliana and Parliament. The Premier met with the Queen on Friday night, only hours after she returned from a state visit to Canada.

**CROWN PREROGATIVE**

Granting of pardon in Holland is a prerogative of the crown and is not essentially a matter for parliamentary debate. The Cabinet was surprised when the lower house, at the end of its recent debate, approved a Socialist resolution urging the government not to release the Nazi war criminals, by a vote of 85 to 61.

The Queen is thought to be in favour of the criminals' release, while Parliament is opposed to their simultaneous release, although it would not oppose piecemeal release on individual grounds such as health. (Reuter, INA)

The Prime Minister expressed "grave concern" at "the hate syndrome now besetting certain sections of the Dutch population" as he addressed newsmen after the audience at the Royal Palace. Mr. Biesheuvel said that part of this "hate syndrome" expressed itself through threats against himself, the Justice Minister, their wives and children.

## Peron denies plans to return to Argentina

MADRID (Reuter). — Former Argentine President Juan Peron said on Friday he had no plans to return to Argentina to take part in elections there.

"I know nothing about my return to Argentina — I only know what you say about it," the 70-year-old exiled President, now residing in Madrid, told reporters. Peron was speaking at Madrid airport shortly before his third wife, Isabel Martinez de Peron, arrived back from Buenos Aires, where she has spent nearly three months conferring with Peronist leaders.

**LIFETIME JOB.** — Gen. Juan Bedel Bokassa, 51, has been named president of the Central African Republic for life by a congress of the country's only party, the Movement for Social Evolution in Black Africa. He has been President since January 1, 1966.

**AL-AHRAM** reported on Friday that investigation in the case of these underground movements was just about to be concluded, and that Attorney-General Mohammed Maher was expected to issue an indictment soon.

## 6 more Egyptian plotters arrested

Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter

Six more Egyptians have been arrested following the recent crackdown on two underground movements in Cairo and Helwan reportedly working for the overthrow of the regime of President Anwar Sadat, the Egyptian press reported Friday.

The latest arrests brought the total to 25. Seventeen were rounded up in Cairo, at the home of alleged ringleader Mohammed Abdul-Shafe, who was said to have been serving as an official at the office of President Sadat.

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## Soviets seen 'giving up hope' on Jarring

LONDON (INA). — The Soviet Union seems to have "almost given up hope" of reaching a Middle East political settlement through the Jarring mission, "The Times" reported from Moscow yesterday.

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"The Times" also sees the Arab terrorists as being discredited in Soviet eyes, as "they have not only defied Soviet advice in their approach to the conflict, but have

## Brandt leave on Iranian visit today

TEHERAN. — West German Chancellor Willy Brandt arrives today to start a four-day visit to Iran, his first as Chancellor of the Federal Republic.

Mr. Brandt, who will be accompanied by his wife and a number of top aides, will call on the Shah and have intensive talks with Iranian authorities on expanded economic, technical and cultural exchanges between the two countries.

Informed sources said ways of improving the balance of trade between the two countries in favour of Iran, which has a trade deficit with West Germany, would also be discussed.

The sources said oil would be one of the main topics of the talks as West Germany was the major importer of Iranian oil. Iran had no share in Iranian oil industry operations. There have already been some talks between Iran and West Germany on joint oil operations.

Chancellor Brandt's visit is also aimed at reviving the four-year period of strained relations between the two countries, which began when the Shah had to break off a visit to West Germany because of rioting by leftist and demonstration by Iranian students opposed to his rule.

The continuing anti-Shah agitation by the students in Germany caused Iranian Prime Minister Abbas Hoveida to comment in an interview that "we are afraid to send our students there, for fear that they will become ideologically polluted." (Reuter, UPI)

## Russians lose zoning battle to developers

LONDON (AP). — The Soviet Embassy here has emerged as the loser in a sidrinish that started with a dispute with a group of nuns and escalated into a confrontation with Socialist city fathers.

The Soviet trade delegation in London objected to a £1.5m. development of homes next to its headquarters in the exclusive district of Highgate. The Russians complained the scheme would reduce the value of their property — a second four-floor building sheltered in its own wooded grounds.

"We were most surprised that a Socialist organization should express its views in such capitalistic terms," snorted Labour-controlled Camden Borough Council when it rejected the Soviet appeal against permission being granted for the development.

Fifty houses and apartments are planned for a 7½ acre (3 hectares) site occupied by the now-closed St. Pegasus convent. The 12 sisters who lived there didn't regard the Russians as exactly ideal neighbours.

They objected to martial music blaring over the convent wall, disturbing their contempla-

tions. They replied with equal loud recordings of hymns.

After the convent was to private builders, the Russians who valued their headquarters at £300,000, listed their objections to development. They alleged reduction in the value of their investment in some of the most sought-after land in London, they complained of "violation of privacy," disturbance during construction and loss of trees on the site.

Councillor Ivor Walker, chairman of Camden's planning committee, said: "We certainly have the views of the Russians in account, but we were not pressed by their objections. We fear that the development will reduce the value of their investment, not in itself a planning ground."

So building was given the go-ahead. Formal notice of development was put in the mail.

Ted Levy, the architect who designed the new houses, charged there was strong feeling here that the Russians' building had already spoiled much of the beauty of Highgate West Hill.

"Our delegation," snapped Soviet Embassy spokesman, "is a beautiful building."

## Mujib, with aid pledge, tours Leningrad site

MOSCOW (UPI). — Prime Minister Mujibur-Rahman of Bangladesh, with a pledge of urgent Soviet economic aid in his pocket, yesterday turned tourist in Leningrad with Prime Minister Alexei Kosygin as his guide.

Tase said Kosygin showed the Sheikh an electrical factory and the Hermitage Museum before Mujib's 25-man party flew to Tashkent. The Bangla Desh leader arrived in Moscow on Wednesday for a day official visit. It was announced Thursday that the Soviet Union had agreed to provide "urgent assistance to the Bangla Desh in restoration of the vitally important branches of economy."

Asian diplomatic sources said Mujib sought a Soviet commitment to finance a major share of estimated \$3,000m. Bangla construction programme.

## Nixon waives ban, orders aid to Greece

WASHINGTON (AP). — President Nixon has waived a Congressional ban on military aid to Greece and ordered the resumption of assistance to the Mediterranean nation.

In accordance with the legislation that banned military aid to the Athens Government, the President was allowed discretion to restart assistance if required by "the overriding requirements of the national security of the U.S." The law also provided that the President, in waiving the ban, notify Congress promptly. This was done by a memo dated February 17 from the President to Secretary of State William P. Rogers and sent to Congress last week.

The memo stated that increased Soviet naval activity in the Mediterranean was threatening the southern flank of Nato. According to the memo this "enhanced the importance of the Greek role" and required strengthening the military capacity of the Athens Government.

The Nixon administration originally asked for \$118m, but it is expected Congress will cut that figure to about \$70m. dollars.

Early last month Congress, at the urging of critics of the military regime in Athens, cut off all military aid to Greece.

State Department spokesman Charles Bray said that, with one exception, there were no discussions with the Greek Government before the determination was made to resume the aid. That one exception, according to Bray, were very preliminary discussions on the possibility of Greek purchase of U.S. Phantom aircraft.

## China says Israel 'must withdraw'

TOKYO (AP). — China's Foreign Minister Chi Peng-fei was reported Saturday to have said that Israel "must withdraw from all Arab territories."

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In deep sorrow we announce the death of our beloved wife, mother, and grandmother

## FRANCES MASOVETSKY

Shira will be observed at her late residence, 20 Rehov Beit Hakeren, Jerusalem.

Hazaa H. Leon Masovetsky  
Yocheved and Joseph Gindberg  
Rabbi Shimon and Judith Maslin

To Rabbi H. Masovetsky and family  
our heartfelt condolences on the death  
of your beloved wife

## FRANCES (ZIPPORA) MASOVETSKY

The GEFFEN, KOPLEWITZ, KREBS-ZIKMAN  
and STARK FAMILIES

With deep sorrow we announce the death of our beloved father  
and grandfather, brother-in-law and uncle

## ABRAHAM ARTHUR MARCUS

in his 94th year.  
The funeral has already taken place.  
Shimshon and Gerda Marcus nee Sokolstermann  
54 Rehov Hazav Uziel, Bayit Vegan, Jerusalem

To Mr. HEINZ ADLER  
our heartfelt condolences on the death of his mother

## Mrs. ANNA JECKEL-ADLER

DAMAT TOOLS AND MACHINERY  
MANUFACTURERS CO. LTD.  
Management and staff.

In deep sorrow we announce the sudden death of our  
beloved father and grandfather

## OSCAR OFNER

(formerly of Novisad, Yugoslavia).  
He was laid to rest on March 2, 1972.

KLARA & Dr. GEORGE OFNER  
ILI & Dr. FRANCIS OFNER  
His granddaughter EDNA  
and the rest of the BEREAVED FAMILY.

Our heartfelt condolences to our Director,  
Mr. David Landor,  
on the death of his

## BROTHER

The staff of the  
Government Press Office.

In deep sorrow we announce the  
untimely death of our dear

## HAIM MALEL

The funeral will take place in Jerusalem.  
For details please phone 04-526241 or 02-67751.

The bereaved family.

SONOL ISRAEL LTD.  
mourns the untimely death of

## HAIM MALEL

and expresses condolences to the family.

THE MANAGEMENT AND STAFF.

**SHAPA**  
HAIFA 48 HERZL ST TEL 640

# Even before votes are cast in Indian elections Indira has victory sewn up

NEW DELHI — Most knowledgeable people to whom I have talked here, believe that the outcome of the elections is over but for the formality of counting votes. They expect only one winner — Prime Minister Indira Gandhi. They think the Congress Party she heads will win absolute majorities in all the legislatures except one.

The exception is the small, new state of Meghalaya, in the north-eastern region, where the Congress Party is supporting a coalition of local political groups whose members are expected to join Mrs. Gandhi's party after the elections. Elsewhere overwhelming millions of voters will put a cross on their ballot papers against a cow and a pig, the symbol of the Congress Party. Most of them will do so as a mark of their personal faith in Prime Minister, today the unchallenged leader of India. Many of the candidates the party has chosen are newcomers to politics. Little is known to the electorate.

The Congress Party is split from top to bottom by the purge Mrs. Gandhi has carried out in the last few months with the aim of weeding out "reactionaries" who stood in the way of her programme of social and economic reform and of purging office-holders who had given the party a bad name. The purge has convinced large blocks of voters who had not made up their minds at Mrs. Gandhi's election that she is sincere in her promise to reduce inequality and to curb the influence of privileged groups.

### Gandhi active

Mrs. Gandhi has been the only political leader to campaign actively. She has been flying from one end of the country to another, addressing as many as half a dozen rallies a day. She draws huge crowds wherever she goes. The message she carries is that only the Congress Party under her leadership can keep India united and strong and give it a forward-looking government that will cross poverty and discrimination against minority groups. As President Nixon's visit to Peking drew nearer, she added a new theme to her speech-making. India must learn to be self-reliant and do away with foreign aid, particularly if the donors used it to force the Indian government to do things that went against national interests.

Sixteen of the 21 Indian states, plus two territories, are holding elections this week, beginning today. The outcome will be a test of Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's popularity. There are 2,700 seats at stake, in which over 30 are unopposed, and 350 are straight contests between the Congress and anti-Congress Parties. In the remainder, several candidates are vying for the seats. The Post's TREVOR DRIBBERG reports on the political situation on the eve of the elections.



Poster on a New Delhi street. (Camera Press)

Mrs. Gandhi in an unassailable position. First, there is the immense prestige she has gained from leading India to victory in the recent war with Pakistan. Along with this goes the credit for liberating Bangladesh. Opposition claims to a share of the credit for these achievements, go unheeded.

Secondly, the Indian voter wants political stability. He has learnt a lesson from the upheavals which followed the general election in 1967, leading to a frightening exhibition of political chicanery and graft which brought many parts of the country to the verge of administrative chaos.

Congress propagandists — including one of the new "bright young men," Mr. Chandrakant Yadav, general secretary of the party — are telling voters that if they want stability and progress, there should be Congress governments both at the centre in New Delhi and in the states.

Thirdly, Mrs. Gandhi has been working hard to give a different look to the Congress Party. She wants to make it the party of the landless labourer and small peasant in the villages, the industrial worker and the lower-middle

class in the towns, of young people, the untouchables and other low castes in Hindu society, and minority groups like the Muslims and Christians.

She is talking to these people directly in simple language they can understand, treating their problems as hers, and this approach appears to be very effective.

A fourth point in Mrs. Gandhi's favour is the utter prostration of the opposition parties. They are deeply riven by discord, incompetently led by tired, disillusioned men who have no choice but to cling to politics for their livelihood. Many of them would join Mrs. Gandhi

if she would have them. But she is looking for young men and women who believe in the things she stands for, not pension-seekers. The plight of these parties has been made worse because they have not been able to form a joint front against the Congress.

Some opposition parties are accusing Mrs. Gandhi of selling out to the faction of the Communist Party which is close to Moscow. This charge is based on the electoral alliance she has made with the Communists. Under it the Congress Party has agreed to contest only a limited number of seats in each state where elections are being held.

### Communist support

In exchange, the Communist will support the Congress candidate in the constituencies where they are running candidates. Mrs. Gandhi explains that the Communist back Mrs. Gandhi's economic and social programmes, and the Congress was ready for adjustments with any party on this basis.

In any event, he argues, the Communists have no chance of coming to power. So what harm is there in giving them a few seats in return for their help in putting the Congress back in office?

But another group of Communists pose a problem. These are the Marxists, who are strong in West Bengal, a problem state which has had three general elections and seven governments since March 1967. This is the only party which poses a threat to the Congress anywhere, and it has built an election front of seven left-wing groups in the state.

The Marxists had a bare majority in the last state legislature, but could not muster enough support to form a government.

The Congress might this time be able to snatch an absolute majority, but disension among its members might prevent it from setting up a strong government in the state. But high hopes prevail at the Congress headquarters in New Delhi. "We shall sweep every state, including West Bengal," says Mr. Yadav, and his lieutenants echo him confidentially.

# \$130m. pledged at inaugural of 1972 Bonds campaign

SPECIAL TO THE JERUSALEM POST  
PALM BEACH, Florida. — The final phase of the inaugural of the 1972 campaign for Israel Bonds took place here Thursday night, with the announcement of large subscriptions of up to \$5m. This brought to \$130m. advance commitments and sales for the unprecedented \$450m. campaign.

Mr. Sam Rothberg, General Chairman of the worldwide Israel Bond campaign, stated that the success of the inaugural phase of the campaign here — the best in Israel Bond history — was the result of cooperation by Israel's leaders, including Prime Minister Golda Meir, who at the end of January convened a conference of 150 key Jewish leaders in Jerusalem. In addition, Finance Minister Pinhas Sapir, Defence Minister Moshe Dayan and former Chief of Staff Haim Bar-Lev came to the U.S. to provide support for the historic effort of the 1972 campaign.

### Bar-Lev address

Rav-Aluf (Res.) Haim Bar-Lev was highly effective when he addressed a Miami meeting of Bond leaders a week ago. He spoke of the tremendous defence and immigration burdens now being simultaneously borne by Israel, despite the fact that the chances for peace have improved.

He indicated that although the American Government now recognizes Israel's strategic role in preserving the Mediterranean zone for the free world, Egypt may be driven by a sense of frustration to resume fighting along the Suez Canal.

The former Chief of Staff declared it would be a black day for Israel if Russian Jews could not find the means to become self-supporting, productive citizens. He also warned of the danger of internal unrest unless the country provided for the disadvantaged sector while it extended economic aid for the absorption of Jews from the Soviet Union.



British soldiers, wearing dark uniforms and green berets, arrive in Coleraine, Northern Ireland, to give evidence in the Widgery Tribunal into the "Bloody Sunday" shootings in Londonderry. (AP radiophoto)



Little Yashti, the giraffe born on Purim at the Ramat Gan National Park Zoo, gets an affectionate buss from her mother. (Israel Sun)

# Dutch Catholics at odds with Rome

By SUE MASTERMAN  
THE HAGUE (Oms) —

A SCHISM between a large section of the Roman Catholic Church in Holland and Rome seems to be drawing slowly but inevitably nearer.

For many local Catholics the last straw has been the Pope's decision to ordain a new conservative Dutch

bishop. The chosen man, Father Jan Gijzen, aged 39, first heard the news on the telephone from Monsignor Felici, Papal Nuncio in the Netherlands, on 10 February. On Sunday, 13 February, he was ordained in Rome together with 18 other bishops. He had to borrow a crozier and a mitre for the four-hour ceremony but, as he said later, "that's not much of a problem in the Vatican."

The appointment of Monsignor Gijzen as Bishop of Roermond in the south of the Netherlands has come a year after the equally controversial appointment of Monsignor Simonis as Bishop of Rotterdam. The Rotterdam diocese had attempted to introduce some form of democracy into the choice of the new bishop. A list of candidates, drawn up by a committee of priests and secular church workers, had been passed to the remaining six Dutch bishops, who had then sent a short list to the Papal Nuncio with a recommendation that the Pope should appoint one of those nominated. Monsignor Simonis, the only conservative candidate, did not appear on the short list.

### Dutch gave in

After initially refusing to accept Monsignor Simonis, the Dutch bishops gave in on condition that they should be consulted if such a controversial appointment were made again. The selection procedure in Roermond, where the old Bishop was retiring for health reasons, was stopped to avoid another disillusionment. Instead the diocese council sent their own short list, together with a "profile of the ideal bishop" drawn up from an inquiry among churchgoers.

The Pope kept his promise and consulted the Dutch bishops about the appointment of a bishop for Roermond. The original candidate

was so conservative that the bishops rejected him outright. The Pope agreed on condition that they accepted any other candidate that he proposed. The bishops had no further choice.

Less than two years ago it looked as though the Dutch had the chance of reversing the celibacy ruling for priests. All the Dutch bishops supported a proposal from the Pastoral Council, a follow-up to the Vatican Council, which called for voluntary rather than compulsory celibacy. Important modernization of the liturgy was being carried out in the experimental student parishes. The Roman Catholic Church was finding its way in modern society, and succeeding in fulfilling an increasingly important task in the field of social work. The Church was going out to the people, instead of sitting back and waiting for the people to fill the empty churches.

With the introduction of the new bishops the Vatican has clamped down on other modern trends which they see as dangerous. The teaching of the liturgy in the Roermond diocese has been disapproved strongly by Rome which has demanded that old textbooks should be dusted off and brought back into the schools.

Meanwhile disillusioned Dutch Roman Catholics continue to drift away from the Church. Many priests have got married, and directed their long years of training into education or social work. They feel they are doing a better, more Christian job than when sitting around arguing theological differences between Holland and Rome. In some dioceses not more than one or two new young priests per year are being ordained.

If this drift continues, then eventually the Dutch Catholic problem will be solved. For, with no congregation and no priests there will be no Church.

# Heath slumps in new poll

LONDON (AP). — Prime Minister Edward Heath's Conservative Party has dropped sharply in public popularity, according to results of a poll published here yesterday.

A Louis Harris poll in the "Daily Express" reported that the Labour Party had surged to a 14 per cent lead, up from 6 per cent in January. It said: "The swing to Labour and the sharp slump in the Government's popularity clearly reflect the public's attitude to the miner's strike and power cuts."

The latest party figures, according to Harris, were: Conservatives 39 per cent, Labour 53 per cent, Liberals and others 8 per cent. In January they were 43, 49 and 8 respectively.

# Pioneer 10 whizzing to Jupiter

PER KENNEDY (AP). — America's Pioneer 10, travelling at record speed, raced on its almost perfect course Friday toward the distant planet Jupiter, and an eternal journey through interstellar space.

Flying through the spacecraft was a message for alien civilizations which might exist beyond the solar system. Project officials said a brief firing of small spacecraft jets tomorrow would adjust Pioneer 10's path so it would zoom in on Jupiter, 21 months of more than 965 million kms.

Many things could happen along the way to ruin the longest, most ambitious unmanned space flight yet attempted, but Space Agency officials hope the mission goes as smoothly as the launch phase yesterday night, following three postponements because of high winds.

An Atlas-Centaur rocket thundered away from Cape Kennedy at 7 p.m. to propel Pioneer 10 into space at 50,600 kms. an hour, nearly 11,280 kms. per hour faster than any space vehicle had flown. "It appears we had a good start on our journey to Jupiter," the launch control centre reported.

If it does not collide with a celestial body or is not captured by outer space beings, scientists said it will fly for eternity.

On the outside chance that it one day might be intercepted by intelligent beings from another civilization, Pioneer 10 carries a gold plaque which tells in drawings and scientific symbols when and from where it was launched and by what kind of people. Included are the naked figures of a man and woman, the man's right hand raised in a gesture of friendliness.

Project officials give Pioneer 10 a better than 90 per cent chance of making it safely through the asteroid belt that orbits the sun. The spacecraft will penetrate the atmosphere of Jupiter on December 2, 1973, to begin four days of intensive investigation before zipping on into space. Because of Jupiter's belt of intense radiation, Pioneer 10 will not approach nearer than 140,000 kms. to the planet. Hopefully, the craft will transmit

pictures of one of the planet's most mysterious features — the Great Red Spot which seems to float through the clouds, at times growing to 48,300 kms. long. A recent theory is that the spot is a huge piece of solid hydrogen floating in a sea of gases.

Other instruments will measure the radiation belts, map magnetic fields, take temperature readings and analyse the chemical structure of Jupiter.

Jupiter's strong gravity field will increase the spacecraft's speed, flinging the explorer craft towards the edge of the solar system.

In 11 or 12 years after launch, Pioneer 10 would become the first man-made device to escape the solar system after it passes beyond the orbit of Pluto. It would travel in a straight line toward the star Aldebaran, a journey of 1.7 billion years. Space agency scientists hope it will continue to radio information on interstellar space for another five or six years after leaving Jupiter. That would be about the communications limit, some 2.4 billion kms. from earth.

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# N.H. voters back Nixon trip Heath to meet Pompidou Mar.18

BOSTON (UPI). — A copyrighted poll in the "Boston Globe" yesterday indicated 74 per cent of those planning to vote in the New Hampshire presidential primary on Tuesday approved of President Nixon's trip to China.

Democrats favoured the trip by 64 per cent, Republicans by 76 per cent and Independents by 7 per cent. Among those who considered themselves liberals, 83 per cent approved; 68 per cent of those who considered themselves conservatives approved.

LONDON (Reuter). — The summit meeting between Prime Minister Edward Heath and French President Georges Pompidou, originally scheduled for February 19 and 20, will now take place on March 18 and 19, it was announced here Thursday.

The two are expected mainly to discuss Common Market questions, in the light of the enlargement of the European Community. The original meeting was postponed by mutual agreement in view of Mr. Heath's personal involvement in the British miners' strike that was then going on.

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# Popeye as an allegory for Nixon's China visit

By DENNIS BLOODWORTH

HONGKONG (Ofms). — CHINA-watchers watching China through a one-eyed box in a Hongkong hotel bedroom for want of a visa to Peking were treated on February 21 to an allegorical curtain-raiser.

The historic arrival of the American President in the Chinese capital was preceded on television by a Popeye cartoon in which the doughty Yankee sailor was metamorphosed by a wily Oriental showman into behaving like a monkey. However, spinach beat hypnotism in the end, enabling our hero to make a monkey out of the Asian messengers in return. Almost immediately afterwards, viewers saw President Nixon shaking hands with Premier Chou En-lai.

Did the spinach work its magic again? That remains to be seen. The two main contestants symbolically signalled their respective ideological positions every time they clapped, for Chou En-lai's left hand dominated his right (he once broke his right arm) and President Nixon's right dominated his left (he broke his left arm in a fall on the steps of Congress, I believe); but the outcome of their confrontation was still in doubt at the end of it. It was none the less fascinating to see China and the Chinese leaders — even through the wrong end of a television camera — after an absence of some years.

China looked much the same, if slightly larger than life, but one overwhelming impression obliterated all others. In all human history, was ever so young a regime ruled by such old men? The acting President is 86. Madame Soong Ching-ling, Vice-President and widow of the founder of the Chinese Republic, is 82 and was too infirm to greet the Nixons (possibly also because she is the sister-in-law of Chiang Kai-shek and the encounter might have been faintly embarrassing). Mao Tse-tung, Chairman of the Communist Party, is 78.



President Nixon and Premier Chou En-lai at their discussions in Peking.

It is at the next level in the formal hierarchy that the passage of the years shows most, however. Chou En-lai, whom I first saw in his vigorous 50s, an energetic dancer and the darling of the ladies, is a grey, strained, drained-looking 73 and appears to have shrunk slightly in the drying. For as he is, it is difficult to see in him the rubicund undercover boss of the clandestine movement in Shanghai and the man behind the "red squad" that meted out sudden and final punishment to those that betrayed it.

### Placid gentleman

Marshal Yeh Chien-ying, the most prominent figure after the Prime Minister during the Nixon visit, is now a placid, bespectacled old gentleman, far from the days when he was largely responsible for the kidnapping of Chiang Kai-shek himself in the dramatic "Sian incident" of 1936. Li Hsien-nien, the Vice-Premier who accompanied Mrs. Nixon much of the time, is a comfortably aging economist with the air of a Communist in fat cat.

Some China-watchers in fact begin to wonder whether it is not already anachronistic to credit these vic-

tims of the iron law of age with an undying urge for world revolution. But it is dangerous to underestimate the fire in them. The 67-year-old Li Hsien-nien had no schooling and began life as a carpenter's apprentice, yet today he is the "money god" of the People's Republic, the man who organized the new China's internal markets and fiscal system, who stabilized the currency, paid off all foreign debts and earned international respect for Peking's integrity as a trading partner.

Yet there have been curious parallels between the Chinese and the American experience, and these persist today. Richard and Pat Nixon ceded nothing to many of their Chinese hosts in terms of the modesty of their beginnings. Moreover, the hazards of political life in Peking are not as exotically different from those in Washington as one might imagine.

It is assumed that while the West goes its decorous democratic way, a political victory in a Communist state is decided by war to the knife, and the words that best evoke the nature of the power struggle are "liquidate," "purge," "Siberia." But in Peking the essential difference is simply that the

debate proceeds within one party instead of two. Some losers may end up in reform-through-labour camps, but most simply drop from sight and may reappear again later (as several have done recently). The fall is not always final: any more than is the eclipse of a Wilson by a Heath.

The narrowing of the gap between arch-enemies at the ends of the Pacific basin, meanwhile, produces its own form of double vision. A shop window display of captioned photographs in a Chinese Communist establishment in downtown Hongkong, showing American officials lined up with their Chinese opposite numbers in Peking, is now rivalled by a similar display featuring President Nixon with Premier Chou En-lai in another window not 40 yards away. The second window does not belong to the Chinese Party machine, however, but to the Bank of America.

### Increased trade

Hongkong and American traders are naturally bullish about the prospects of increased commerce with China, and although it may take far longer to develop than they think, the trend is obviously in their favour. Some years ago the Government forbade an American zoo to import a Chinese panda acquired from a German trader on the grounds that it would be contravening the ban on trade with Communist China, and thereby provoked much scorn and fury.

China's current gift of a pair of these bearcats (as the Chinese call them) and America's grateful acceptance of them, therefore indicate the road covered since those intolerant days. From ping-pong diplomacy, we may be moving to an era of panda politics. But it depends how you write the word, of course. For a relatively small change in the spelling can alter the meaning.

# PEKING COMMUNIQUE HEIGHTENS SOVIET FEARS

By DEV MURARKA

MOSCOW (Ofms). —

THE joint communique issued after President Nixon's visit to Peking has intensified Soviet suspicions of Mr. Nixon as well as of the Chinese. Seemingly innocuous, the communique is held here to be the first blast on the trumpet of a Sino-American alliance directed against the Soviet Union and the first step towards efforts for a joint Peking-Washington hegemony in areas adjacent to China.

Moscow appears to be convinced that the real result of the long talks between Premier Chou En-lai and President Nixon has been many secret agreements on a variety of topics, and that the communique is worthless in providing any guidance about these accords except on one point. Its reference to eventual withdrawal of American troops from Taiwan is considered here to be a sign that Mr. Nixon had most probably given an undertaking to withdraw these troops by a certain time and yet did not want the time limit to be specified in public lest it hurt him electorally at home.

It is conceded here that, on the whole, whatever concessions have been made, they have been made by the Americans rather than the Chinese. At the same time, the Chinese have virtually accepted the American position with the U.S. without getting an immediate break in Taiwan-Washington ties. But conspicuously absent from the communique are Mr. Nixon's repeated assertions of the common objectives of Peking and Washington. The Russians believe that this oversight is deliberate, in the sense that the two sides do not want to broadcast their future intentions and links fully. Nevertheless, a careful study of the communique reveals that even where the position of the two sides appears to be different, in reality it is identical.

The passage which attracts most Russian attention declares: "Neither side should seek hegemony in the Asia-Pacific region and each is opposed to efforts by any other country or group of countries to establish such hegemony."

This is interpreted as meaning that both sides will jointly obstruct any other power in that area, even

if there emerges an internal group existing before the December 1972. This confirms the long-held belief of the Russians that behind the Sino-American alliance are two motives: a desire to come to terms about Asia, since both sides are unable to establish or maintain their hegemony in the area, and a policy of challenging Moscow in every possible way.

As an example of this essential unity of views between Peking and Washington, the passages on South Asia are cited. In appearance, the Chinese position seems to be more tilted towards Pakistan. In reality, the American phraseology, though milder, reaches the same conclusion — that India must unconditionally withdraw to the cease-fire line in the west as it

existed before the December 1972. Neither side even mentions the existence of a nation called East Pakistan. This insistence on "withdrawal" since the Peking hold only a small area of territory, ignores India's repeated contention that the fire line needs to be redrawn on a realistic basis to eliminate sources of conflict on the border. For the Russians, the communique is most illuminating for the reasons rather than for what it says. Far from allaying the uneasiness and suspicions of Moscow, it increased them. The Russians that the events in Peking help Mr. Nixon to get away with this can hardly justify the claim that his visit has the course of world history.

## Power interests seen as barrier to Mid-East Peace

MOSCOW (Ofms) (AP). — The start of a Symposium for peace, which was held in Washington, D.C., on Wednesday, has been hailed here as a step towards peace in the Middle East. "If we become embroiled in it (the Middle East) and if the Russians get embroiled in it for power reasons rather than for ideological reasons, it can get us all embroiled and can start a third world war," Dr. Charles Frankel, a former assistant secretary of state and now a Columbia University professor, said during the final session of the annual Borchgrevink Symposium for peace. Frankel appeared with Seymour M. Hersh, Washington correspondent for "The New Yorker," and Dr. Muhammad Abdul-Rauf, director of the Washington Islamic Centre. "Segev and Rauf agreed that the Middle East is not a religious or ideological dispute in the Middle East; it is a power struggle rather than religious or ideological. The true barrier to peace in the Middle East has been the attitude of the European powers with regard to the Middle East. The European powers with their tariffs with the affairs of the Middle East have been the barrier to peace on behalf of what they called 'gious minorities,'" Rauf said.

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Such a mass immigration requires a big absorption effort in the economic, social and cultural fields. Along with defence absorption will be the country's central task in the years ahead. Our best efforts in the field of financing and manpower must be directed towards it. But that is not all. As during all periods of tateful changes, so now too, the spirit of volunteering and the willing acceptance of additional burdens must accompany the measures taken by institutions and government — and even march ahead of them. This volunteering can take on many forms, but they are all based on one foundation — the marshalling of financial resources with which to build the great work of absorption.

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The management of the restaurant, Mr. Alexander Shorr and Mr. Haim Fishman

## No shots, no protests Ecuador experiences 'silent' revolution

By A Special Correspondent

BOGOTA — RARELY has a revolution passed off so quietly as the assumption of power by the Army in Ecuador on the last day of the pre-Lenten carnival. Not a shot was fired, not a word of protest heard. This was no revolt of the "Potemkin," no battle by bearded guerrillas in the Sierra Maestra.

So far, indeed, it seems to represent what the people want. In the words of the taxi-driver who took me to Quito airport the other day, the situation in Ecuador had been so chaotic, the citizens so tired of alleged corruption, that they felt things could hardly get worse. "And now that money from the oil-wells will soon start flowing in, perhaps the military will see to it that it is used for the benefit of all of us, not just to make the rich still richer," he said feebly.

For ex-President Jose Maria Velasco Ibarra, being ousted from office was no new experience. The tall, lean 78-year-old professor has held office five times and has been deposed and exiled four times. Argentina has become a second home and he owns a flat in Buenos Aires. Two years after his last election in 1968, he resumed the constitution in June, 1970, and from then on governed by decree.

Remarkable for his physical stamina, his powers of oratory — and a deep and sincere friendship for Israel — he had, however, failed to put the cunning of his country on a firm footing. His own personal honesty had never been questioned. Recently, his decision to hold elections this June but not to run for the presidency himself left the people bewildered in the face of numerous candidates. The most popular of them was the demagogic ex-Prefect of Guayaquil, Assad Bucaram, who was allowed to return from exile in order to take part in the electioneering campaign.

### Put on plane

On the last day of the carnival, Mr. Velasco Ibarra was warned that the military were planning some kind of action against him. He flew down post-haste to Guayaquil, where the Velasquista Party was strong, in order to make a television appeal to the nation for support. At the entrance to the television studios he was stopped by a unit of the Navy, escorted to the airport, and put aboard a military plane for Panama. The public, most of whom were either holidaying over the long week-end or indulging in the carnival game of drenching each other with water, knew nothing of what was happening. Only the few who heard that the President was due to make a television appearance at 8 p.m. suspected, when it failed to materialize, that something was afoot. Three hours later came the brief announcement that President Velasco Ibarra had been deposed and that the military had taken over.

The next day, the new government gave its reasons for assuming control of the country and establishing a revolutionary regime based solely

on nationalist concepts. It was impossible, the new authorities declared, to continue living in an atmosphere of chaos created by privileged groups holding power only for their own unbounded ambitions.

The very first decrees restored the constitution of 1945 and set the scheduled elections. Later decrees showed the intention of the military to govern honestly — and without delay. Ecuador's new Minister had immediately to make a declaration of his property before a notary public. Ministers drawn from the armed forces would continue to draw their pay, and the difference between that and ministerial salaries would go to two named charities. All government expense accounts, back to 1968, would be subject to scrutiny. In an attempt to break the enormous traffic in contraband, customs officials have already been arrested, as have suspect officials of the Central Bank.

A point of interest in the new programme was the stress laid on the intention to safeguard the welfare of the Indians and the reference to the country's joint Indian and Spanish heritage. Up to now Ecuador has been governed by and large by members of the 10 per cent of the population who boast of pure Spanish descent. The armed forces, on the other hand, are drawn from the poorer elements, who are for the most part of mestizo (mixed) blood. Unlike other Latin American countries, where the army represents a caste, Ecuador has never raised any obstacle against the poorest recruits rising to high rank.

It is not surprising, therefore, that the ordinary folk in Ecuador now feel that they are in better hands. Firm steps are being taken against profiteering. Though the poor may not inherit the earth, the military authorities are preparing to intensify agrarian reform. Freedom of the press and radio has been firmly promised and there have been no political arrests so far.

Intellectual circles are still a little afraid of the phrase "military dictatorship," and the oligarchy are doubtless angered by the idea that they may have to conform to the new programmes. But repeated declarations that the revolution is not a copy of any other in this part of the world, that it takes up no doctrinaire position but is purely Ecuadorian in character, seem to have made the middle-classes less nervous. As a result, the nation seems prepared to wait and watch for results.

"If the programme of the new government is not just an idle promise or a sop to the people, perhaps Ecuador will be able to make real progress," said a young architect. That seemed to be the general opinion a week after the revolution. The only rumble of disagreement, which may or may not presage opposition, has just come from the armed forces themselves. The resignation of the chiefs of the Navy, and the Air Force 36, however, believed to be a family affair due to a desire for equal status within the ruling Council.

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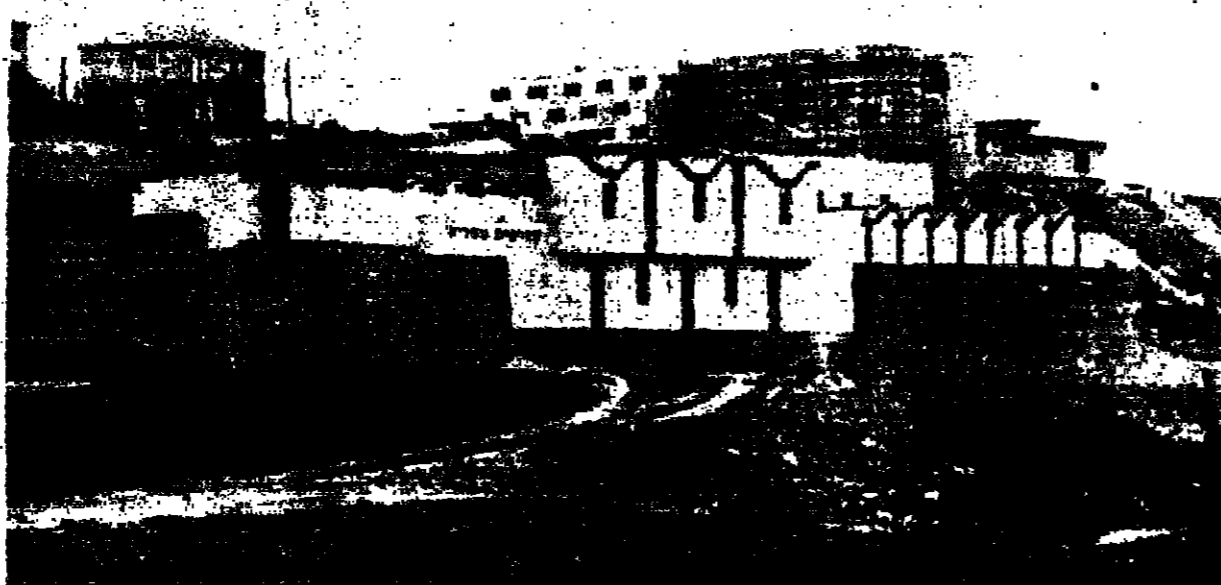
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GIRLS' DORMITORY SCHOOL AND COMMUNITY CENTRE BUILT IN JERUSALEM

Capital gets 2 new youth institutions

Two new institutions have just opened in Jerusalem, both in rather glamorous white buildings, and both of them for young girls. The Mizrachi Amalia... The girls at Amalia come from the poor families, mostly in the old town and their education and lodging costs are IL5,500 a year, of which IL1,500 is paid by their parents as a "symposium fee."



Mizrachi Amalia for religious girls in Jerusalem's Givat Mordechai.

long as it does not conflict with the home and the care a mother has to devote to her family. As an example of the kind of job he thought suitable, Mr. Samuel said, "Well, perhaps a policeman or an actress."

Striking complex

The girls themselves, who went into their new premises in September, (although the school is officially being opened today) are living in a striking new complex of buildings. The actual dormitory is a long, low building surrounded by a cluster of beehive-like flats for staff and housemothers.

home at an untoward hour must pass her housemother's front door. The school is built around a tall, narrow and vaulted synagogue, which is high enough to give an impression of soaring space, heightened by the odd swinging lamp. The synagogue, Amos Samuel notes, is one of the very few in Israel, and presumably anywhere else, which has a larger section for women than for men.

The school's architect is Abba Elhanan, whose name is well known in Israel for his design of the new President's house. The money for the school was provided by Mr. and Mrs. Ludwig Jesselson of New York, who named it after Mr. Jesselson's mother. The school is a project of the Israel Education Fund and the U.J.A.

for street gangs and even intergang fights, which is still an unusual phenomenon for Israel. The population round the new Joseph and Caroline Grass Community Centre, which was dedicated last week, includes families of 6-8-10 children all crowded into tall, 21-room blocks of flats. The flats overlook magnificent bare hills, which add to the feeling of windswept desolation in the neighbourhood.

The authorities, notably the Municipality, have taken note of this. There is a small public garden down the road from the community centre and a new large mother-and-child station is being built opposite. The hundreds of roaring and pushing children who crowded the entrance when it was officially opened last Tuesday, seemed excited about the new addition to their neighbourhood. Like the chairman of the neighbourhood committee, Mr. Raphael Ella, who spoke at the ceremony, they seemed to be particularly interested in the possibility of a swimming pool that may be added to the centre. The building itself is not yet

finished and eventually it will see two extra wings swelling out behind, says Jerusalem architect Felix Darrel. Facilities include activities rooms - music and reading and meeting rooms - but the building is actually divided into three areas, for youth, adults and sports. Mr. Darrel pointed out that although a community centre is meant to be for the whole population of a given neighbourhood, it is generally used by those who have the most leisure - children and old people, and most facilities will be geared towards them. The neighbourhood children will have the run of the premises in a few weeks' time. Mr. Joseph Grass, who gave over ILm. for the building, said that the idea of the centre was suggested to him two years ago by Mayor Teddy Kollek. He was enthusiastic, he says, because "I love children and I love Jerusalem."

Mr. Grass, in his remarks at the ceremony, said that he hoped that the centre will help to build "good Israelis and good Jews." The building itself is evidence that the Municipality, and especially the Mayor himself, realize that it takes more to make a neighbourhood than to put up housing on empty land. Handsome youth clubs and community centres already built in some of the city's squalid quarters have not always resulted in the reduction of delinquency or social problems. Gangs once formed spurs official premises, and youth club directors are often frightened of letting them in, especially if they have a core of cooperative youth with whom they find it easier, or at least more productive, to work. The new centre in Ramat, a good thing in itself, should therefore be looked at as a beginning of serious work in a neglected neighbourhood.

Ordained rabbi

Amos Samuel, 32, the headmaster, an ordained rabbi and a product of the Eretz Akiva (youth movement of the National Religious Party) and has the task of directing a school of 160 teenage, albeit religious, girls. All of them, he says, fitted for full-time secondary education, and most of them for her education too. The purpose of the school, he says, is to train wives and mothers who will take up productive careers. He had of course he would like girls to take up the same as just those of teachers and kindergarten nurses, but any career so

Readers' letters

MAKING THE ELECTRIC COMPANY MOVE

original solution - to appear in our office with his nine children. At that time we explained to him the reason why the work had been halted, and that it could only be resumed when the weather improved. Y. FREEDLANDER is in charge of public relations Israel Electric Corporation Haifa, February 25.

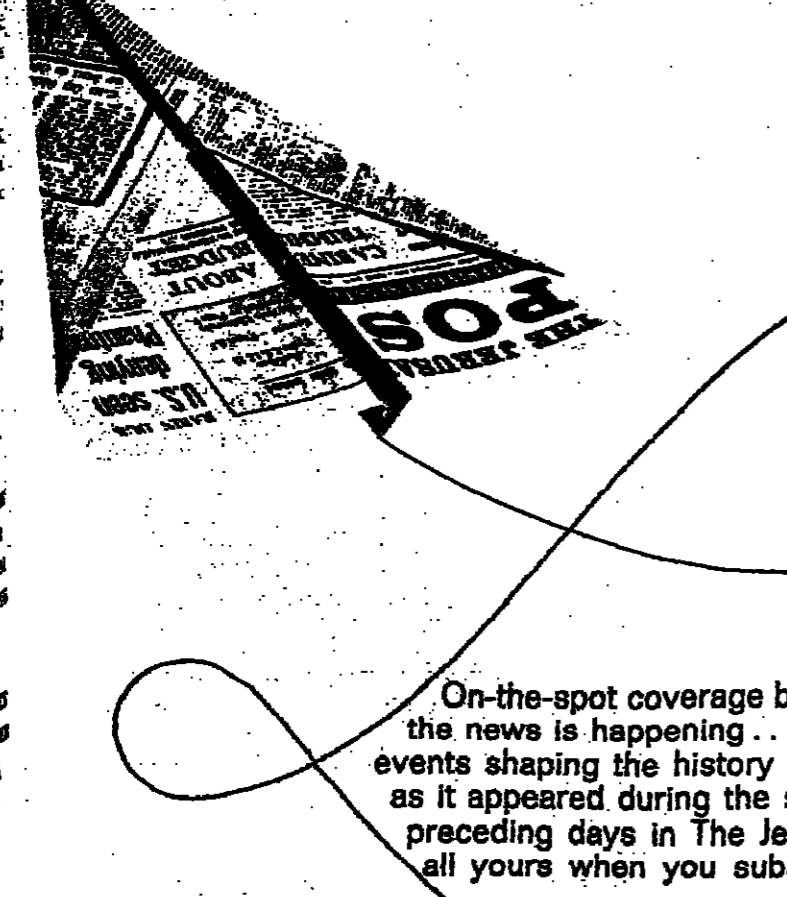
CHINA AND TIBET

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir, - Has the whole world forgotten Tibet? During the past week much has been written about China's history and development under Mao Tse-tung. The Jerusalem Post Friday magazine of February 18, in the article on China's borders, mentioned Tibet obliquely in connection with India's assertion of Tibet's independence in 1952 as sparking the Sino-Indian border disputes. In the next paragraph Tibet is referred to as part of the non-Han, autonomous regions of much concern to China. But the fact that Tibet was overrun and occupied by the Red Chinese was not mentioned. Isn't this fact recognized? Isn't it known that the Dalai Lama and a few thousands escaped, were given refuge in northern India, and remain in exile there? Tibet was an ancient country with its own government, religion and culture. Israel's especially should feel the injustice done this country because it is yet another example of religious persecution. Mrs. ROSE MARY SHERWIN Rehovot, February 29.

NICOTINE CONTENT IN CIGARETTES

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir, - Last year you printed a letter from one of your readers, a Mr. Lazarov - in which he recommended, as someone who is an expert on tobacco, that only oriental tobacco be used in cigarettes in lieu of Virginia and Burley types, thus decreasing the nicotine content. He also mentioned that, in Switzerland there is a law which requires that the cigarette smoke will not have more than a certain maximum nicotine and tar content. Since these questions interest the public, we sent a cutting of Mr. Lazarov's letter to a Swiss tobacco laboratory at Neuchatel and requested their comments, and we quote from their reply to us dated January 24: "Mr. Lazarov's suggestion is only half the story. In fact the increase in the amount of Oriental tobacco in a cigarette does not necessarily result in a reduced smoke delivery. There are mild U.S. Virginia and Burley tobaccos, just as there are rich Oriental tobaccos. "While a high tobacco nicotine content normally gives rise to a high smoke delivery, it is very probable that, if a mild U.S. Virginia or Burley tobacco is replaced by a rich Oriental tobacco, the smoke delivery will be increased. "Referring to the second question, it must be said that there is no limitation at all for tar and smoke-nicotine in Switzerland." ODED F. ELIASHER Menashe H. Eliacher Ltd. Importers of Kent, Marlboro and Parliament Jerusalem, February 16.

ON-THE-SPOT COVERAGE BY MEN AND WOMEN WHERE THE NEWS IS HAPPENING...



On-the-spot coverage by men and women where the news is happening... In-depth reporting on events shaping the history of the Middle East, as it appeared during the six preceding days in The Jerusalem Post... it's all yours when you subscribe to

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60 PER CENT INCOME-TAX EXEMPTION FOR PEOPLE RENTING ROOMS TO TOURISTS

The Ministry of Tourism, in cooperation with the Jerusalem and Tel Aviv Municipalities, has opened registration for residents of Jerusalem and Tel Aviv who are interested in offering rooms in private homes for rent to tourists. Under this arrangement, 60 per cent of the income derived from the rent of rooms will be tax exempt. Only apicalous flats with telephone and close to a regular bus line will be considered. The room offered for rental must be separate from the other rooms in the flat. Insurance will be paid by the Tourist Accommodation Office. For questionnaires apply, during office hours, only to the following two addresses: TEL AVIV - The Association for Tourism, Tel Aviv-Yafo, 29 Rehov Idelson, Tel. 58297 JERUSALEM - Jerusalem Municipality, Tourist Department, 21 Rehov Yafa, Tel. 33251 (ext. 288)

New Stamps Exhibition

HAS BEEN OPENED: ISRAEL ART FEAST OF "PESSAH" LET MY PEOPLE GO

DISPLAY ROOM OF THE PHILATELIC SERVICES 27 ALLENBY RD. TEL AVIV The exhibition is open: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday and Thursday 8 a.m.-2 p.m.; Wednesday: 8 a.m.-1 p.m., 4-6 p.m. Free admission



FEAST OF "PESSAH" STAMPS

The building itself is evidence that the Municipality, and especially the Mayor himself, realize that it takes more to make a neighbourhood than to put up housing on empty land. Handsome youth clubs and community centres already built in some of the city's squalid quarters have not always resulted in the reduction of delinquency or social problems. Gangs once formed spurs official premises, and youth club directors are often frightened of letting them in, especially if they have a core of cooperative youth with whom they find it easier, or at least more productive, to work. The new centre in Ramat, a good thing in itself, should therefore be looked at as a beginning of serious work in a neglected neighbourhood.

"LET MY PEOPLE GO" STAMP



ISRAEL ART STAMPS

(IL. 0.40, 0.55, 0.70, 0.85, 1.00)

Day of issue: March 7, 1972 Philatelic Services JERUSALEM • TEL AVIV-YAFO • HAIFA • TIBERIAS • NETANYA • BEERSHEVA • NAHARIYA • ASHKELON • REHOVOT • LOD AIRPORT AND POST OFFICES

FOR OR AGAINST CIVIL MARRIAGE?

Dear Citizens, Do you approve legislation proposed by Gideon Hausner, Chairman of the Knesset Independent Liberals Faction, for civil marriage for Jewish persons whom the Rabbinate refuses to marry, such as cases of "Mamsirim" or when a Cohen wishes to marry a divorced woman? If you approve, please sign and mail us the attached coupon. To the INDEPENDENT LIBERAL PARTY P.O.B. 23076, Tel Aviv

Our Positive Answer: 1. Name \_\_\_\_\_ occupation \_\_\_\_\_ address \_\_\_\_\_ 2. " " " " " " 3. " " " " " " 4. " " " " " " 5. " " " " " "

Tax Free IMPORTERS FOR NEW IMMIGRANTS AND TEMPORARY RESIDENTS 10 day delivery (to your home, if desired) Tel Aviv: 113 Allenby Road (in the arcade). Tel. 634255; Upper Nazareth: Euzaglo, Rasso Centre, Tel. 55386; Ramle: Merkaz Hasalonim, 67 Rehov Herzl, Tel. 981806; Holon: "Savy," 88 Rehov Sokolov, Tel. 859642. Beersheba: Radio Lipschitz, Merkaz Cinema Passage, Tel. 687-3052.

THE JERUSALEM POST  
**CAR PAGE**

**High toll of bullfighters**

By RICHARD MOWBRER  
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

MADRID — During 1971, more Spanish bullfighters died in road accidents than in the bullring. Three full-fledged *matadores de toros* were killed in car smash-ups, while only one *torero* lost his life in a bullfight — and his life could probably have been saved if proper medical facilities had been available at the small town arena where the event took place.

Two top-drawer bullfighters were injured in car crashes during the year. One lost an eye and the other,

Andres Hernandez, who has survived 12 gorings, required hospitalization after being hit by a Madrid taxi cab as he was crossing the street. Says Hernandez: "I was lucky. You're more likely to be killed by a car than by a bull. With a bull you're braced for danger, and besides, there the glory. But with a car? What stupidity!"

Meanwhile, statistics show that it is still safer to cross the road than to enter a bullring. About 14 per cent of Spain's registered bullfighters suffered more or less severe gorings last year.

**The Great National Opera**

**Premiere Performances**  
Tel Aviv: 21.3, 23.3, 25.3, 27.3, 30.3  
Jerusalem: 12.4 at 8 p.m.  
Haifa: 27.4 at 8.30 p.m.

**AIDA**  
Opera by G. Verdi  
Produced by Edis-De-Philippe  
Conductors:  
Booth • Choset • Singer  
Choreography: Larrosa  
Cast:  
Netania Davrath • Nardelli •  
Avella • Naomi Pinhas •  
Beatrice Dobells • Cornell •  
Karta • Feldman • Kahana  
Tickets: 1 Allenby Rd., Tel. 57257  
Special service for tourists at the Hotels

**Tuesday, March 7, 1978**

**Tadmor Hotel Herzliya**

**SPECIAL DINNER FRENCH-STYLE FAMILY LUNCHEONS EVERY SATURDAY**

Reservations  
Tel. 938321

**MOADON HAOLEH, JERUSALEM**

**SEMINARS FOR OLIM**

In Easy Hebrew Tuesday evenings March 7, 14, 21, 28 at 8.30

ASPECTS OF ISRAELI ART with slides  
Lecturer: Miss Nitzza Flexer, guide at the Israel Museum

Monthly Forum THE FUTURE OF RELIGION IN ISRAEL  
Chairman: Zvi Yaron (Zinger)  
Panel: Rabbi Dr. Yaacov Vainstein, Rabbi Ezra Speicherman, S. Z. Abramov, M.K. (attorney)

**ARE YOU LOOKING FOR THE BEST? WE HAVE IT!**

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Licensed by the Israel Antiquities Department  
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**THE TEL AVIV MUSEUM**

in co-operation with Tel Aviv Municipality

Mally Kaufmann Hall  
Tuesday, March 7, at 8.30 p.m.

After appearing at the Australia Festival and throughout the U.S.S.R.

**GEOFFREY MICHAELS (Australia)**

Prize winner at Tchaikovsky, Thibaud and Queen Elizabeth Competitions

**in a SOLO-VIOLIN RECITAL**

NIELSEN: Prelude e Presto, BARTOK: Sonata, BACH: Sonata No. 1  
REGGER: Praeludium, TSYMBE: Sonata in E, PAGANINI: Capriccio.

Tickets at the Museum, "Union" and "Fromm's Music Supplies".

THE HEBREW UNIVERSITY OF JERUSALEM announces the

**POSTPONEMENT**  
of the guest lecture to be delivered by  
**Prof. JULES EDELSTEIN**  
Vice Chancellor for Urban Affairs  
The City University of New York

on  
**"The politics of urban management and the management of urban politics"**

from  
Sunday, March 5, 1978  
to  
MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1978, AT 6 P.M.  
IN BELGIUM HOUSE, GIVAT RAM CAMPUS, Jerusalem

**Romans prefer traffic chaos**

By ERNIE MEYER  
Jerusalem Post Motoring Correspondent

Rome's memorable experiment with free public transportation as an antidote to the inner city's chronic traffic congestion has ended in failure. Roman car owners prefer the daily chaos on the streets, and the struggle for parking space, to free rides on city buses.



Cars are parked every way in a downtown Rome parking lot. (Gambler)

During a nine-day trial period — December 30 to January 7 — Romans were allowed free transportation on the city-owned bus, street car and subway system. Traffic authorities had hoped that legions of drivers would take advantage of the offer, but they were disappointed. The number of passengers rose, but they were mostly school children on vacation, and housewives. During morning and evening rush hours, the usual chaos prevailed, forcing traffic, including crowded buses, to slow down to a crawl.

The experiment was carefully watched by traffic planners in large cities outside Italy. They will undoubtedly draw their own discouraging conclusions. "Der Spiegel" magazine reports.

The head of Rome's bus company says that to make the plan successful three things are absolutely essential. First, the city must provide huge parking lots on the outskirts of the city for the use of suburban commuters who would park their cars there and proceed downtown by bus; second, the inner city must be closed to all private traffic, that is, the number of buses, which could travel much faster in the absence of private vehicles downtown, must be increased.

Rome at present has only 1,600

buses, a few streetcars, and one solitary underground line for its 2.9 million residents. The development of additional underground lines had been repeatedly blocked. Every time excavations start, workers unearth some relics of the past. The immediate outcry for the protection of antiquities promptly forces them to refill the ditches they have dug.

On the other hand, car-crazy Romans don't want to be banned from the downtown area. Even

downtown business men oppose the scheme. In a 20-day experiment in Marseilles last year, when the downtown area was closed to all private traffic, merchants reported a drop in business of up to 50 per cent.

In theory, Rome's labour unions are in favour of permanent free (e.g., city-financed) transportation and of "demotoring" the inner city. But many of their members are unwilling to relinquish their status symbol, the car, and forgo their daily ride downtown.

**New type of battery fights corrosion**

A new type of battery is on the market in the U.S. It is a completely sealed, "waterless" unit without the usual filler openings. The terminals to which the cables are attached are placed at the side, rather than on top of the battery. This is supposed to make them virtually corrosion proof.

**NO RETROACTIVE PERMISSION FOR TOWN COUNCILLOR'S ABSENCE**

The Supreme Court reversed a previous decision given by the Supreme Court sitting as High Court of Justice in H.C. 253/70.

The second respondent had failed to attend meetings of the Siftaram Municipal Council, of which he was an elected member, for more than three months. His failure to attend meetings had been caused by pressure brought to bear on him by the leaders of his Christian community, for political reasons. When he eventually resumed attendance at Council meetings, the Council decided to approve his absence retroactively and thus circumvent the provisions of Section 123 of the Municipalities Ordinance (New Version) which provides that: "A councillor who has been absent from the meetings of the council for three consecutive months or, where there have been less than three meetings in three months, from three consecutive meetings, shall cease to be a councillor unless he has been absent by reason of illness or by reason of service in the Israel Defence Forces or with the permission of the council."

The petitioners, who are those same leaders of the Christian community who brought pressure to bear on the respondent to resign from the Council, petitioned the High Court of Justice against the validity of this retroactive permission. The court decided, by the majority decision of Justices Berenson and Kahan (Justice Witkon dissenting), that a municipal council may give retroactive permission

**LAW REPORT**  
The Jerusalem Post  
Edited by Doris Lankin  
SUNDAY, MARCH 5, 1978

**COUNCIL'S PERMISSION FOR COUNCILLOR'S ABSENCE NOT RETROACTIVE**

for the reasonable absence of a councillor from more than three consecutive council meetings.

The petitioners then applied to the President of the Supreme Court for a further hearing on the matter; and the President gave leave for such a hearing, to be confined exclusively to the question of whether permission to be absent from council meetings may or may not be given retroactively.

At the further hearing Mr. Jamil Shalhub appeared for the petitioners and Mr. Moshe Amar for the respondent.

**Judgment**

Justice Landau, who gave the dissenting opinion of the Supreme Court, held that the literal meaning of Section 123 allows of no other interpretation than that, once a councillor has ceased to be a member of the council because of absence at three consecutive council meetings — for reasons other than illness or army service — he can no longer be permitted to serve on the council. This conclusion, he continued, is strengthened by English and local precedents (which he cited), by the historical development of Section 123 itself, by analogy with parallel provisions in other laws, and — in particular — by the provisions by Section 125 of the Municipalities Ordinance, which lays down that where a councillor has ceased to hold office his place shall be taken automatically by the next available candidate on his list — thus leaving no lapse of time in which to give retroactive permission for the absence.

As to the question of whether the interpretation of Section 123 should be a narrow or broad one, Justice Landau agreed with Justice Witkon's view in H.C. 253/70, that if a narrow interpretation were to frustrate the possibility of using retroactive permission for absence as a political weapon in inter-party manoeuvres, then it was justified. However, he concluded, he did not think that his interpretation of Section 123 was in fact narrow or stringent. On the contrary, it was simply a correct construction of the literal meaning of the law; and even if it should lead on some rare occasion to a council member losing his seat through no fault of his own, this was not enough to justify a special effort to read some hidden meaning into the letter of the law.

Justice Landau thought, therefore, that the High Court's decision should be overruled. But, in reaching this decision, he did not in any way wish to identify himself with the petitioners, whose motive was apparently to stir up intercommunal strife and stifle the activities of an elected municipal council. If they should succeed in this aim, seen circumstance over which the

however, the Minister of the Interior has sufficient powers — under the Municipalities Ordinance — for restoring good order in Siftaram municipal affairs, Justice Landau finished.

**Justice Cohn**

Justice Cohn first criticized the petitioners who, he said, had apparently been the leaders of the Christian community in the town who had exerted pressure on the respondent and others to resign from the Municipal Council for the purpose of disturbing the smooth running of the town in contradiction to the Mayor's duty, the majority of the Council members, who it appeared, had done everything in their power to settle the differences between the Moslem and Christian communities and to reach some kind of inter-communal accord.

In agreeing with Justice Landau that permission for absence from council meetings could not be retroactive, Justice Cohn went on to hold that in any case, in the particular matter under consideration, permission to be absent from more than three meetings could not even have been lawfully given in advance, for the reason that the respondent had not had any reasonable excuse for his absence. For, he explained, the excuse which the Moslem Mayor and Council members had found to be perfectly reasonable — that the respondent could not be expected to have attended Council meetings in the light of the political and religious pressure exerted on him by the leaders of his Christian community — was in fact unreasonable for two reasons: first, it did not even purport to originate in a specific occurrence which had objectively prevented the respondent from attending the Council meetings; and second, it was based on purely political or communal considerations which are not consistent with the proper and lawful management of municipal affairs, however well-intentioned the Council's motives might have been in accepting them.

**The President**

In concurring with Justice Landau that the High Court's majority decision should be reversed, the President held that there was no alternative but to conclude that once a council member had automatically ceased to be a councillor at the end of the statutory period of absence from council meetings, no retroactive permission of the council for such absence could resurrect his default membership. It is true, he continued, that there might be cases where there are good personal reasons for prolonged absence from municipal meetings — that is, reasons based on unforeseen circumstance over which the

absentee councillor had no control and because of which he was not in a position to receive advance approval for his absence — and it was this possibility which had moved Justices Berenson and Kahan in the original High Court case to hold that Section 123 could be interpreted as allowing retroactive permission. However, he was of the opinion that the "public" considerations specified by Justice Witkon in his minority opinion, and adopted by Justice Landau, outweighed these private considerations.

**Justice Kahan**

Justice Kahan stood firm by his opinion that Section 123 should be interpreted in accordance with Justice Berenson's judgment in H.C. 253/70, (with which he had concurred) rather than in accordance with the majority decision of his colleagues in the enlarged forum. He based this conclusion, he explained, on the fact that Section 123 does not expressly require the council's permission to be given in advance; and, in the absence of any such qualification, he was of the opinion that the courts should opt for a wider interpretation — allowing retroactive permission — rather than for a narrow one which could lead to undesirable consequences.

As to the fear of inter-party collusion Justice Kahan did not think this should be a consideration, as advance permission for absence could also be exploited for political purposes and, in any event, a decision to give retroactive permission would be open to the scrutiny of the High Court which could be presumed capable of discerning political collusion and disqualifying the permission on those grounds.

**Justice Berenson**

Justice Berenson, too, was not persuaded that he had erred in his decision in H.C. 253/70, and stuck to the reasons he had given there as well as subscribing to those given by Justice Kahan above.

Judgment in H.C. 253/70 set aside by majority decision.  
Judgment given on January 31, 1978.

**Moadon Haoleh, Haifa**

**J. K. GOLDBLOOM CENTRE**  
124 Sderot Hanassi, Tel. 83553

Sunday, March 5  
8.15 p.m. BIBLE CLASS  
9.00 p.m. INTERNATIONAL FOLK DANCING

Monday, March 6  
8.30 p.m. Tour Va'aleh Evening: "HOW TO SETTLE IN ISRAEL SUCCESSFULLY" with panel of experts.

Tuesday, March 7  
8.00 p.m. SUBMITTING LECTURE by Mrs. PHILIS BAUM (Psychologist) "AGE AGING"

Wednesday, March 8  
7.30 p.m. HEBREW CONVERSATION GROUP  
9.00 p.m. ISRAELI FOLK DANCING

Thursday, March 9  
7.45 p.m. BRIDGE NIGHT  
8.30 p.m. PLAYREADING

Saturday, March 11  
8.00 p.m. Haifa University Students "FOLK AND BLUES"

Coming Events:  
Tuesday, March 14, 8.30 p.m. CLASSICAL PIANO RECITAL  
Dan Elder — Piano, Bephi Morag — Cello Yael Tzueh — Viola  
Works by Schubert, Beethoven.

Regular activities include:  
ULPAN, LIBRARY, YOGA, BALLET, TV and PING-PONG

Friday, March 10, 1978, 8.45 p.m.  
**VOCAL NEWSPAPER**  
No. 10 (83)

(in cooperation with the Cultural Department of Tel-Aviv-Yaffo Municipality)

**PROGRAMME:**  
With the "Habimah" performance of Stempens by Shalom Aleichem with Shmuel Brulin, director  
Shimon Finkiel, artistic director  
Ya'akov Shabat, scenarist  
Artistic programme: Rafael Klatskin, Shmuel Segal, Israel Haveland and Mendel.

Moderator: Nahama Ben-Ami.  
Tickets: 4 Rehov Kaplan, 8.30 p.m.-7 p.m. Fri. to 1 p.m. The exhibition by Hava Rotan opens today at 8.30 p.m.

**Moadon Haoleh**

For Olim, Tourists, Students, 180 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel Aviv Tel. 236128

Sunday, March 5  
5.00 p.m. Bridge  
9.00 p.m. Folk Dancing

Monday, March 6  
7.45 p.m. Bible Study  
8.00 p.m. Art Circle

Tuesday, March 7  
4.45 p.m. A.A.C.I. Tea Social  
5.30 p.m. Jewish History

Wednesday, March 8  
11.30 a.m. Dramatic Bible Chapters  
1.30 p.m. Choral  
2.30 p.m. Youth Social

Thursday, March 9  
5.00 p.m. Bridge  
8.30 p.m. Settling in Israel Panel of Experts  
Judaic News — Tour Va'aleh  
Tourist Unit — Kibbutz Mitzvah Greenfield — A.A.C.I. in cooperation with Tour Va'aleh

Saturday, March 11  
8.30 p.m. Young Adults Social with professional band (admission limited)

SWACK BAR — CAFE  
OPEN DAILY 9 a.m.-11 p.m.  
Moderate prices  
"Mother's Home Cooking"  
HEBREW ULPAN  
Intermediate & Advanced  
Afternoon & Evening  
Register immediately.

Learn Hebrew the easy way.  
Register now for new  
**Conversation Course**  
Meetings only, on Tues. & Thurs.

**Z.O.A. HOUSE**  
Today

At 8.00 p.m.  
In cooperation with Tel Aviv Municipality Seminar in CABBALA and AGADA (English)  
March 6, 8 p.m. — In cooperation with "ROTARY" Women and the Absorption Ministry  
**NEWMOMERS' SOCIAL CLUB** "The Kibbutz"  
Lecture and films by courtesy of Information Centre

**Tuesday**  
March 7  
In cooperation with Tel Aviv Municipality  
**DRAWING CLUB**  
5 p.m. — Beginners  
7 p.m. — Advanced

At 8 p.m.  
**PHOTOGRAPHY CLUB**

At 8.30 p.m.  
In cooperation with Tel Aviv Municipality  
**THE 30-PLUS FRIENDS CLUB**

**Wednesday**  
March 8, 6 p.m.  
In cooperation with Tel Aviv Municipality, WIZO and the Absorption Ministry  
**GOLDEN CLUB**  
Community Singing with Shlomo Biederman

At 8.30 p.m.  
**THE LITTLE ENGLISH THEATRE**

**Thursday**  
March 9, 8 p.m.  
In cooperation with Tel Aviv Municipality  
**BRIDGE COURSE**

At 8 p.m.  
In cooperation with JERUSALEM ARTISTS  
Opening of Exhibition of Paintings by 20 Newcomer Artists from Jerusalem  
Greetings: Mr. Nathan Peled  
Minister of Absorption  
Mr. Yitzhak Ziv-Av  
Z.O.A. House Management Committee

At 8 p.m.  
In cooperation with Tel Aviv Municipality  
**BIBLE RESEARCH**  
"Who killed Goliath?"  
Lecture in Hebrew by Zehava Belkin

**Friday**  
March 10, 9 p.m.  
**ONEG SHABBAT FOR TOURISTS**  
Israel Folklore in Song and Dance

At 11.30 p.m.  
**THEATRE EVENING** (Hebrew)

Next week: Monday, March 13  
Song Recital  
**PHYLLIS BON**

Two Traditional PASSOVER SEDERS at Z.O.A. House conducted by Cantor Yitzhak Bregman — Sale of tickets continues —

The Z.O.A. House newly redecorated Restaurant, now under new management, will be open for lunch and dinner during the Passover Holiday, serving your favourite Passover foods.

Advance sale of tickets to all events starts today at Z.O.A. House.

**Subscription Concert No. 7**  
ZUBIN MEHTA  
Conductor  
RUDOLF FIKRUSNY  
Piano

Series 1 — Sun., March 21  
Series 2 — Wed., March 22  
Series 3 — Thurs., March 23

Programme:  
See Tel Aviv Series 6, 7 and Pop.

**GIORA FEIDMAN CLARINET**  
IN A PROGRAM OF JEWISH SOUL MUSIC

Yoni Levi with Andrius classic guitar  
March 6, 8.00 p.m.  
Tickets: 20 Rehov Ibn-Giwi, Tel. 23057, Tel Aviv

**ORCHESTRA**  
WEEKLY CALENDAR  
TEL AVIV  
Fredric R. Mann Auditorium  
8.30 p.m.

**Subscription Concert No. 8**  
ZUBIN MEHTA  
Conductor  
RUDOLF FIKRUSNY  
Piano

Series 1 — Thurs., March 8  
Series 2 — Sat., March 10  
Series 3 — Mon., March 12  
Series 4 — Tue., March 14  
Series 5 — Wed., March 15

Programme:  
MOZART  
Symphony No. 34 in C major  
K. 388  
SCHOENBERG  
Chamber Symphony Op. 8  
BRAHMS  
Piano Concerto No. 1

Explanatory Lecture  
Wednesday, 8.30, Mally Kaufmann Auditorium, new Tel Aviv Museum  
8.30 p.m.  
Lecturer:  
Dr. MICHAEL ZMORA-OHREN  
Subject:  
SCHOENBERG and BRAHMS

Series 6 — Thurs., March 15  
Series 7 — Sat., March 17  
Series 8 — Mon., March 19

Programme:  
JACOBY  
Partita Concertata  
MOZART  
Piano Concerto in B flat major  
SCHUBERT  
Symphony No. 9 ("The Great")

**Special Concert**  
Fredric R. Mann Auditorium,  
Tuesday, March 7, 8.30 p.m.  
ZUBIN MEHTA  
Conductor  
ISAAC STERN  
Violin

Programme:  
BACH  
Concerto in A minor for violin and string orchestra  
MOZART  
Symphony No. 38 in D major ("Prague")  
BRAHMS  
Violin Concerto in D major

Ticket sales at Mann Auditorium,  
Box Office between 10 a.m.-1 p.m.  
4-6 p.m.  
Reduction to subscribers as per voucher 107

**MUSICA VIVA Concert No. 3**  
Saturday, March 25, 9.00 p.m.  
ZUBIN MEHTA  
Conductor  
STELLA RICHMOND  
Soprano  
JANE MANNING,  
Soprano

"THE NEW VIENNA SCHOOL"  
Programme:  
WEBER  
Concerto for nine instruments, op. 24  
BERG  
Three excerpts from "Wozzeck"  
SCHOENBERG  
Pierrot Lunaire, op. 21

**Subscription Concert No. 8**  
ZUBIN MEHTA  
Conductor  
RUDOLF FIKRUSNY  
Piano

Series 1 — Sun., March 12  
Series 2 — Wed., March 15  
Series 3 — Thurs., March 16

Programme:  
See Tel Aviv Series 6, 7 and Pop.

**Subscription Concert No. 7**  
ZUBIN MEHTA  
Conductor  
RUDOLF FIKRUSNY  
Piano

Series 1 — Sun., March 21  
Series 2 — Wed., March 22  
Series 3 — Thurs., March 23

Programme:  
See Tel Aviv Series 6, 7 and Pop.

**Subscription Concert No. 8**  
ZUBIN MEHTA  
Conductor  
RUDOLF FIKRUSNY  
Piano

Series 1 — Sun., March 12  
Series 2 — Wed., March 15  
Series 3 — Thurs., March 16

Programme:  
See Tel Aviv Series 6, 7 and Pop.

**Subscription Concert No. 7**  
ZUBIN MEHTA  
Conductor  
RUDOLF FIKRUSNY  
Piano

Series 1 — Sun., March 21  
Series 2 — Wed., March 22  
Series 3 — Thurs., March 23

Programme:  
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|---|---|---|

# Doctor and director become cross-experts making childbirth film

By Leah Levy  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — One another "the Italian woman!" It's a question of mentality, he says, adding that on the basis of experience gained in the making of the film, he is seriously considering the introduction of piped music in the labour ward of Tel Hashomer which proved to have a very favourable effect during the shooting of the film. Every attempt was made to adapt the film to Israeli conditions, to the Israeli woman's way of thinking, until now pre-natal courses had been accompanied by an English film, somewhat odd and out of date and not altogether geared to the Israeli environment. The English film also stresses the desirability of husbands being present during birth: impossible under present Israeli hospital conditions for a variety of reasons — one of them being that if husbands were admitted, mothers, grandmothers, aunts and uncles of large, close-knit families might also insist on being present.

Director Freddy Steinhilber does a white doctor's coverall during the shooting of the film "Meat Chava" in the labour ward of Tel Hashomer Hospital. The "expectant mother" — actress Irit Avni — waits patiently as exposures are checked.



Director Freddy Steinhilber does a white doctor's coverall during the shooting of the film "Meat Chava" in the labour ward of Tel Hashomer Hospital. The "expectant mother" — actress Irit Avni — waits patiently as exposures are checked.

Actual Birth  
The actual birth shown in the film is accurately and aesthetically portrayed, showing adequate though not overmuch detail. Director Freddy Steinhilber — himself a father-of-three — spent four solid days in the Tel Hashomer labour ward for the filming of this sequence which, although only a few minutes in duration, involved the shooting of hundreds of meters of film. He admits with a shrug, to being somewhat squeamish — "At times I couldn't stand it anymore and had to go out for a while!" The sequence also involved some tricky editing problems: the "transplanting" of the upper half of

gave birth to her first child shortly before work on the film commenced and was thus able to identify with her role. The need for regular monthly medical check-ups and tests, avoidance of unnecessary pills and medicines, visits to the Tupa family centre, the purpose of breathing exercises, how to apply for the Bitach Leumi maternity grant, necessity of personal hygiene, advice on dressing attractively during pregnancy, how to know when the time has come to go to the hospital, even the father's night-time role after the "happy event" — all these are incorporated in the film's sequence. Very much an Israeli touch is the well-meaning neighbour offering helpful tips and advice — firmly accompanied by the commentary "take the advice of your nurse or doctor whenever in doubt." As the film came to an end with the smooth delivery of Irit Avni's baby, distinct signs of relief were noticeable among the audience as the deal "Meat Tov" from the midwife was heard. Meat Tov is also due to all responsible for the conception and delivery of a film with a very valid educational function.

How women are tricked out of equal pay  
By Max Wilde  
GENEVA (Otna). — Women are not equal to the rate earned by men. But a report from the International Labour Office now says that even in countries which guarantee equality of opportunity and treatment the gap between men and women's wages is not closing. The report, which has been submitted to the U.N. Commission on the Status of Women now in session in Geneva, also blames trades unions. Although they "generally fully endorse and support the equal pay principle, (they) are not always willing, or in a position, in collective negotiations, to give its complete application priority over other important competing claims. In some cases hostile attitudes on the part of male workers have to be overcome."

There are two international conventions in which the equal pay principle is laid down. The first, the Equal Remuneration Convention, came into force in 1953, and by October 1971, 74 States had ratified it. The earliest ratification was by Yugoslavia, the latest was by the United Kingdom, in 1971 — after 20 years of finding excuses for not doing so. And even now under the Equal Pay Act of 1970, British employers have until the end of 1975 to remove all discrimination against women. The Secretary of State may require the partial implementation of equal pay by the end of 1973, if it appears to him that orderly progress towards equal pay is not being made.

Switzerland has not yet ratified the Convention, although a proposal to do so is now before the Swiss National Assembly. The difference in average wages still ranges between 20 and 28 per cent, to the disadvantage of women workers. In one large Swiss textile mill, the wage allocated to a particular job is lower if a woman does it. The report calls for more and better education, training and guidance, to encourage girls and women "to take a serious and realistic view of their own work lives and to invest in the development of their skills and capacities." Action is needed "to compensate women for the handicaps they possess as a result of their social function of maternity and motherhood. This means child care services and other community services... to enable women to fulfil their various responsibilities at home and at work harmoniously. It also means more practical and equitable sharing of parental and home responsibilities so that women workers do not constantly live under an overload burden."

Professor Sarre estimates that there is an average of 80,000 births each year in Israel, approximately a quarter of them first births, so that at least 40,000 young husbands and wives will be directly interested in the film. It is to be shown within the framework of pre-natal courses in hospitals and Mother and Child Clinics, in kibbutzim, to girl soldiers in the army and within the framework of high schools and working youth movements.

Present at last week's premiere showing of the film at Herzliya Studios were the Minister of Health, Victor Shemtov, the Commanding Officer of Chen, Dvora Tomer, and members of the press, Representatives of the National Insurance Institute, Kapsel Holim, and the Demographic Department of the Prime Minister's Office, all of which gave their backing to the film, also attended. Anyone who has actually given birth in a hospital here may find the picture portrayed by the film a somewhat rosy one — the quiet and calm atmosphere, the degree of individual attention on the part of nurses and midwives, the sparkling cleanliness of shower facilities in the admission ward are, in any experience at least, hardly typical. The labour ward scene is accompanied by soothing background music; the more authentic "sound effects" of high pitched screaming on the part of most of the women in labour, accompanied by peevish calls for their mothers have, understandably, been omitted. The film is to calm and reassure, a certain degree of film-maker's licence is permissible. On the subject of screaming in the labour ward, Freddy Steinhilber himself originates from England.

# Tel Aviv's Popular University great success

By Leah Levy  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

WITH the battle for municipal rates now in the news, one of the services offered by the Tel Aviv Municipality emerges as a bargain in higher education for local citizens — and as a programme that is 75 per cent self-supporting as well. There has never, it goes without saying, been a strike at this "university."

to England. Over India, he promises to marry her. When they stop in Israel, he tells her he will not marry her... Everyone was only writing. But the lecturer was only raising the questions involved; he had no intention of answering them. "Don't bother to write this down. We really won't be dealing with international law this year. I just wanted to give you an idea of what it is."

Courses ranging from psychology to ceramics, from foreign languages to mathematics, from Jewish studies to astronomy, are given evenings by the Municipality's "Popular University" and are open to anyone over the age of 18, regardless of educational background. "English classes are among the most popular," Mr. Aharon Shamir, the University's Director, told me when I visited several classes recently. They attract discharged soldiers planning to enter regular universities and who need to improve their level of English, as well as employed persons who never took English seriously in high school but now find they need to improve their knowledge of the language for their jobs. Other foreign languages offered include French and Arabic and, perhaps surprisingly, German and Russian.

NEW IMMIGRANTS  
Two Hebrew language courses attract some new immigrants. The lower-level course is suitable for people who have finished a 5-month upan, and of the 40 students in the course this year, ten are immigrants with upan training. Two or three immigrants with better knowledge of Hebrew are in the more advanced course on style and syntax. "Our students know what our courses can and cannot offer. Nobody comes to our law course intending to become a lawyer, and nobody thinks our psychology course will make a psychologist out of him. If we suspect someone is getting big ideas from what he is learning in our courses, we talk to him and explain the situation very clearly."

PAETIAL EDUCATION  
"Most of our students do have at least a partial education," Mr. Shamir explained. "But our purpose is to offer courses to everyone. We don't give degrees or diplomas, and so we have no real entrance requirements." The students themselves decide what course is right for them. Someone with no knowledge of a foreign language would register in a beginner's course and not in the highest level conversation courses, where students speak the language reasonably fluently. A student who does not know algebra would not take the university's math course which (this year) deals in matrices. But many of the courses — arts and crafts, beginner's courses in foreign languages and numerous lecture courses — require no previous training in the field. Many of the lecture courses — philosophy, literature, law, psychology and others — are designed to give the layman an overview of the field. The law class, for example, was talking about bankruptcy. "Bankruptcy is when a company cannot pay its debts," one student volunteered when the lecturer asked for a definition. "But a company cannot go bankrupt," someone else objected. "only a person can."

Each course meets one evening a week for two hours. The university — at Tel Aviv's Fourth Municipal High School and in two Jaffa locations — is open Sunday through Thursday evenings from 6 to 10. "Our Jaffa centers are mainly for arts and crafts courses: ceramics, sculpture, jewellery-making, drawing, etc." Members of the teaching staff are all certified high school teachers, and most have academic degrees: an academic degree is now a requirement for all new teachers. I was struck by the fact that the atmosphere in the law class was much like that of a similar class in law which I took at an American University. Tuition fees — this year, 1500 students are attending classes — cover all but a quarter of the project's budget. Most lecture courses cost IL65 a year; art and language courses, IL110. "Next year tuition fees will be increased because our expenses have gone up," said Mr. Shamir. "But compared to the cost of similar courses elsewhere — ours remain very inexpensive."

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JERUSALEM — Tuesday, March 21, at the Moria Hotel.  
ASHKELON — Monday, April 4, at the Ganai Skulmit Hotel.  
NETANYA — Saturday, April 8, at the Golder Hotel.

Tickets available at LEAN Tel Aviv; GREGOR, Haifa; BEN NAIM, Jerusalem and at all ticket offices and tel. 86666, Tel Aviv.

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Sapir: Industrial exports to double by 1976

Mr. Sapir said industrial exports were expected to double in the next four years, reaching \$1,500m. by 1976, as compared with \$740m. in 1971.

Israel trade team snubbed in Uganda

KAMPALA (Reuter). — A 12-man Israel trade mission left here on Friday for Nairobi at the end of a six-day visit during which it had no official contacts and little publicity.

Industry issues warning about metal workers

EL AVIV. — The Manufacturers Association will deem void the signed agreement on wages, the national agreement on wages, the beginning of February, if the place in the metal workers union insists on conducting negotiations with each manufacturer separately.



This Opel coupe overturned on the Tel Aviv-Haifa road near the Tel Aviv Country Club on Friday night. No information was available on the fate of the occupants.

Ashdod foremen resume strike

ASHDOD. — The Ashdod Port foremen will return to their partial strike today after the parity committee appointed to study their demands for an incentive pay program has produced no results.

Student strike threat voiced

EL AVIV. — The National Student Union is threatening to close down all the country's universities for two hours on Thursday, if by that time the disputes at Bar-Ilan University are not solved.

Truck driver killed in road accident

HAIFA. — A truck driver from Kfar Saba, Mordechai Hironsh, 35, was killed in a work accident in the port here on Thursday.

Our ANNUAL BOOK SALE begins today

Advertisement for Brown's Israel's Quality Bookshops, featuring an annual book sale with discounts up to 50%.



Jerusalem Hapoel's Eli Ben-Rimov, his George Best hairdo flying, during one of his numerous attacks on Jafta Maccabi's goalie Michael in yesterday's match in the Capital. Although he did not score himself, Ben-Rimov was instrumental in setting up all the goals his teammates scored, enabling them to beat Jafta 3:1.

T.A. Maccabi climb into lead as Netanya crushed by Haifa Hap.

By PAUL KOHN. — Tel Aviv Hapoel beat Tel Aviv Hapoel 1:0 to take a clear two-point lead at the top of the national soccer league yesterday. Last week's leaders, Netanya Maccabi, were toppled by a 3:1 defeat at the hands of Haifa Hapoel.

Pockets picked at soccer stadium

HAIFA. — At least three Haifa Hapoel soccer fans had their victory celebration spoiled when pickpockets filched their wallets during their team's match with National League giant Netanya Maccabi, at the Kiryat Haim stadium yesterday.

Basketball results

Givat-Yagur Hapoel 82, Haifa Hapoel 75; Ramat Gan Maccabi 81, Givat Yagur Hapoel 80; Tel Aviv Hapoel 118, Nir David Hapoel 84; Jerusalem Betar 7, Haifa Hapoel 88; Meqdedo Hapoel 8, Kiryat Haim Hapoel 77; Tel Aviv Maccabi 103, Holon Hapoel 77.

Monthly medal golf

CAESAREA. — In yesterday's Monthly Medal individual stroke play golf competition, the "A" Division was won by Neil Sheocheit of Beit Yanni with a fine round of a net 72.

Slalom meet, but no sky lift, on Mt. Hermon

JERUSALEM. — Some 4,000 snow fans visited the Mt. Hermon ski slopes yesterday, but because of strong winds the ski lift was not operated.

Notre Dame to be pilgrims' hostel again

The Apostolic Delegate in Jerusalem confirmed on Friday that the Notre Dame de France Hospice, repurchased last week by the Vatican from the Hebrew University, would be restored to its original purpose — a pilgrims' hostel.

Arab woman named bank head

HAIFA. — An Arab woman has been appointed manager of a bank for the first time in this country's banking history. The woman, Amal Mazawi Sa'ad, mother of two, became manager of the Arab-Israel Bank here last week.

T.A. businessman charged with cheating income tax

TEL AVIV. — A wholesale stationery dealer has been charged with concealing some IL180,000 in income for 1969-70.

Fishing nets catch caustic debris

Crew of Israel trawler injured off South Africa

Jerusalem Post Reporter. — Seven Portuguese fishermen from the Israeli deep-sea trawler Azgad Three, were hospitalized in South Africa last Wednesday and 13 other crew members suffered light burns, after handling a leaking metal drum they had pulled out of the water.

Seamen release four ships to ease congestion

HAIFA. — The Seamen's Union on Friday decided to lift its boycott on four "flag-of-convenience" freighters and enable them to sail in order not to further aggravate the already grave congestion in the port.

Zim losses hit IL4m. in 1971

Jerusalem Post Reporter. — Zim passenger lines lost IL4m. in 1971 according to the company's general manager, Captain Nimrod Eshel.

Who's a Jew Week begins in Haifa

HAIFA. — The "Committee for the Integrity of the Nation," an Orthodox body fighting for Sabbath observance and against "easy conversions," yesterday started Who's a Jew Week here.

Congestion fees in effect today

HAIFA. — Higher congestion surcharges on all cargoes to and from Haifa and Ashdod Ports by the Zim Mediterranean lines and the American and West African shipping conferences went into effect at midnight last night.

Police probing disappearance of Haifa lawyer

HAIFA. — The police investigation into the disappearance of divorce lawyer Yisrael Yehuda branched out over the week-end, following the receipt of two more complaints from the lawyer's clients.

Eucalyptus trees must go, Gvati rules

HAIFA. — The fate of 4,000 eucalyptus trees in the Kiryat Yam suburb of Haifa was sealed on Friday. Agriculture Minister Haim Gvati ruled that the trees must go to clear 37 dunams of an industrial development project in the area.

Rejected suitor attempts arson

HAIFA. — A middle-aged man, disappointed in love, was arrested on Friday night when he tried to set fire to a house in Rehov Yefe Not on Mount Carmel.

Filing starts for Samaria candidates

Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter. — Candidates for the municipal elections in Samaria began submitting their candidacies to election committees on Saturday.



Ingvar Carlsson

The Swedish Minister of Education, Mr. Ingvar Carlsson arrives in Israel this afternoon as guest of Education Minister Yigal Alon.



The funeral of Dr. Moshe Sneh, M.K., late leader of the Israel Communist Party (Hakli). (Israel Sun)

# Some relief promised for many woes of ex-Soviet M.D.s

By GEORGE LEONOFF  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Immigrant doctors from the Soviet Union concluded a two-day conference in Tel Aviv on Friday with a lengthy resolution. It reflected most of the numerous complaints voiced by the more than 30 speakers in the course of the meeting.

A second resolution appealed to the Soviet Government for the release of all those imprisoned in the struggle for the right of Soviet Jewry to return to their homeland, and demanded immediate and effective medical attention for those requiring it. The resolution called on the International Red Cross and other pertinent international organizations to extend their efforts to this end.

Some of the complaints contained in the first resolution were anticipated by Baruch Ovadia, Director of the Absorption Ministry's Individual Services Division. He told the large gathering that all sorts of processes were under way to solve the problems. Among these was the creation of special Hebrew-language ulpanim geared to the specific needs of doctors, and the opening of English-language courses for those who want them.

He added that the authorities were dropping the practice of demanding that immigrants furnish Hebrew translations of their diplomas and other certification. In future the offices concerned would take care of the paper work themselves. An inter-ministerial committee will study all documents and decide on job distribution, re-training or re-qualification, as the case may be.

**MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY**

Mr. Ovadia also announced that all absorption centres will shortly be served by a special programme of the Hebrew University Medical School providing medical information, terminological and pharmacological data, etc. He said it was impossible to answer all complaints voiced during the two-day meeting in the course of the five minutes to which each speaker was restricted, but recalled that, in the course of meeting with Soviet immigrant doctors at the Ichilov Hospital a fortnight ago, Health Minister Victor Shemtov had announced the formation of a committee whose main function would be to help improve all absorption services.

Before breaking up, the conference decided to set up its own committee to assist Soviet immigrant doctors find suitable work.

Mr. Shemtov, who was present on both days of the proceedings at the Histadrut's Yehud Hapituch, heard what was probably one of the most concerted attacks on Israeli bureaucracy — including its own Ministry — ever voiced by an Israel professional organization. Speaker after speaker — some choosing with indignation — referred to instances of boorishness, indifference and procrastination encountered at lower levels in the Health and Absorption Ministries and at offices of the Jewish Agency.

Complaints included the professional and spiritual incompetence of various officials, including some who tried but were not equipped to be helpful.

Bitter protests were heard at age restrictions. One speaker reported

that a 44-year-old woman specialist was told by an official that "you're not quite young enough — to put it mildly — for the job!"

The doctors also criticized the ulpanim as inadequate for their purpose. Language courses should be given at or in the vicinity of some medical institution, where they could also learn something of medical practices and terminology. They pointed out that the Israeli medical texts were for the most part similar to those used in the U.S.S.R., and it was a question of learning the Israeli names of the patent drugs.

English-language courses were as important as Hebrew for their professional purposes, as there was practically no professional literature in Hebrew, and most of the country's doctors referred to British or American publications.

Dentists and stomatologists posed a particular problem, for in Israel these are fields of private enterprise — and the newcomers are neither trained nor financially equipped to open their own surgeries. Most, the meeting was told, will have to be re-educated as anesthetists or in some other branch of medicine.

**MOORE COMPLEX**

Mr. Shemtov, who addressed the gathering on Thursday night, urged that the newcomers "not judge us hastily." He said Israel policies and ways of doing things were "more complex than those to which you were accustomed in the totalitarian society from which you came."

Noting that he had himself immigrated from Bulgaria and is acquainted with the difficulties of adjusting to a new society, Mr. Shemtov said the newcomers need time to acquire a sense of perspective, and an understanding of the many factors which must be considered in the democratic decision-making process such as exists in Israel.

The conference was organized by the Organization of Newly-Arrived Professionals from the Soviet Union, headed by its chairman, Dr. Miron Shestun, and the Histadrut Doctors Union, whose president, Dr. Israel Kora, took an active part in the proceedings.

## 5 remanded in IL4m. hashish smuggling case

TEL AVIV. — Five persons suspected of belonging to a gang that planned to smuggle IL4m. worth of hashish abroad were remanded on Friday for 15 days.

They are Moshe and Zippora Savion, Ami Ya'ari and Aharon Lorber — all of Tel Aviv; and Zvi Gafsovit, owner of the villa in Ra'anana, in which police last Wednesday discovered the would-be smugglers packing the drug in disguised "school absorbers."

Police told Magistrate's Court Judge Nehemia Bekr that Moshe Savion was the "brains of the group." He said that when police came to search the Savions' flat in Tel Aviv, Mrs. Savion threw a notebook out the window. It was allegedly found to have contained notes relating to the smuggling operations.

**GEORGIAN IMMIGRANTS** will have a week-long seminar, starting today, at Ohalo on Lake Kinneret. A series of lectures on the political system, security problems and labour history, will be sponsored by the Histadrut and the Absorption Ministry.

## Nation's leaders at Sneh funeral

By MARK SEGAL  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Moshe Sneh was laid to rest here on Friday, not as chairman of the Israel Communist Party, nor as the ex-Polish Zionist leader Moshe Kleinbaum, but as Commander Amram. His comrades-in-arms from the Hagana saluted their old chief as he was buried according to orthodox Jewish rites in the Nahlat Yitzhak cemetery.

The funeral was a mass demonstration of affection and regard, as many thousands poured through the ground-floor foyer of the Histadrut Executive offices to pay their last respects to this enigmatic personality.

The leaders of the nation and the main political parties walked in silent tribute alongside people from all walks of life by the bier covered with the flags of Israel and the labour movement. The black costume and strained white face of the widow, Dr. Hanna Sneh, stood out in contrast in the bright hems of the grey-blue uniforms of the Knesset guards by the bier.

Prime Minister Golda Meir slipped into the crowd and, after paying her tribute to the deceased, sat with the widow and son for an hour. President Zalman Shazar was represented at the funeral by his aide, Sgan-Aluf Yarkoni.

Then came members of the Cabinet, including Moshe Dayan, Yigal Allon and Abba Eban. The unusual nature of the occasion was highlighted by the presence of NRP ministers Zerah Warhaftig and Michael Hazani, as well as Gahal leaders Menahem Begin and Elimelech Rikalt, together with Labour Party Secretary-General Israel Yeshayahu and Mapam Secretary-General Meir Yaari.

### CHIEF OF STAFF

A number of high-ranking army officers were also there, led by the Chief of Staff, Rav-Aluf David Eliazar, as a tribute to the role of the deceased in the struggle for national independence.

Standing aside from the stream of mourners was Meikl Secretary-General Shmuel Mikami, who is to succeed to the Knesset seat of the man whom he opposed within his party.

Dr. Sneh's multi-faceted personality and the contrasting, indeed conflicting, stages in his life were reflected in the crowd of mourners, survivors of the former leadership of Polish Jewry and its Zionist movement, its Yiddish writers and journalists, the pre-State old General Zionists, the Hagana veterans, the Mapam leadership, his supporters who were expelled from Esh-shomer Hatzair kibbutzim when the split came, his followers in Maki, prominent artists and writers, they all came together in common mourning. All, that is, except for the Rakah leadership, with whom he broke when he turned back to Zionism.

As the deceased had asked that there be no eulogies, Histadrut Secretary-General Yitzhak Ben-Aharon, standing amid the huge crowd on the building's steps, bade him farewell with: "The love of the people

accompanies you from this house. May your remains rest in peace." In keeping with his last will and testament, the ceremony was in accordance with orthodox rites — with Rabbi Yedidya Frankel conducting the service and his son, Ephraim, reciting Kaddish, while Amikam Gurevitch quoted from the Psalms, the passage commencing: "Happy be the man who did not follow the counsel of the wicked."

The flag-draped coffin covered with two large wreaths was then carried to the cemetery in an open military command car driven by an army driver with the Knesset Guard as an escort. The catafalque headed

a huge convoy of cars and buses which paralysed the busy Friday lunch-time traffic.

The grave was piled high with wreaths bearing tributes from David Ben-Gurion, Defence Minister Moshe Dayan, the Allon family, the Histadrut Executive, Mapam, Maki and the Hagana Veterans Organization.

After Dr. Ephraim Sneh had once more recited Kaddish, Aluf (Res.) Elyahu Ben-Hor said a few words in memory of his old Hagana commander, with the final tribute from the chairman of the Hagana Veterans Organization, Shmuel Barkai, who led the salute "Hamefaked Amram."

Mr. Wiesel said he had decided not to say anything after Mr. Eban first claimed his (Wiesel's) support, because he "knew what this would cause in Israel." But after he read Mr. Eban's interview with Rafel Saahani in "Yediot Aharonot," and saw that the Minister "put things in my mouth that I never said, I had to react."

Mr. Wiesel also expressed surprise at the fact that during last week's debate in Israel on the matter, Mr. Eban had ignored the fact that he (Wiesel) had demed supporting him.

Mr. Wiesel said that Mr. Eban's remark in the David Frost interview had probably been a slip of the tongue.

But he had been wrong to use Wiesel's name which he had "no right, authority or grounds" to do. Mr. Rivlin said that Mr. Wiesel's "new version" of the affair was "full of half truths." He said that he and Wiesel had formulated the cable together over the telephone and that it was all Wiesel's opinion.

Mr. Wiesel said that, after he read the text of the interview, Mr. Rivlin asked him if he had found anything in it against the punishment of Nazi criminals. He had said no, and agreed that Mr. Rivlin should send this "completely neutral" expression on condition that it would not be published.

Mr. Rivlin said that Mr. Wiesel had expressed the same opinions to the "Yediot Aharonot" correspondent in New York and that they were published the following day.

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He put words in my mouth' Wiesel again denies having supported Eban

Holocaust writer Elie Wiesel yesterday repeated his denial that he had "defended or encouraged" Foreign Minister Abba Eban in the controversy over the latter's remarks on Nazi criminals in a New York television interview last year.

Mr. Wiesel had been asked by an Israel Radio interviewer to comment on Mr. Eban's statement in the Knesset last week that he had received a cable from the Consul-General in New York containing Mr. Wiesel's support for the views he had expressed.

In the same newsreel, the Consul-General, Mr. David Rivlin, stood by his claim that the cable he had sent to Mr. Eban had been formulated by himself and Mr. Wiesel and that the writer had authorized him to send it.

Mr. Wiesel said that, after he read the text of the interview, Mr. Rivlin asked him if he had found anything in it against the punishment of Nazi criminals. He had said no, and agreed that Mr. Rivlin should send this "completely neutral" expression on condition that it would not be published.

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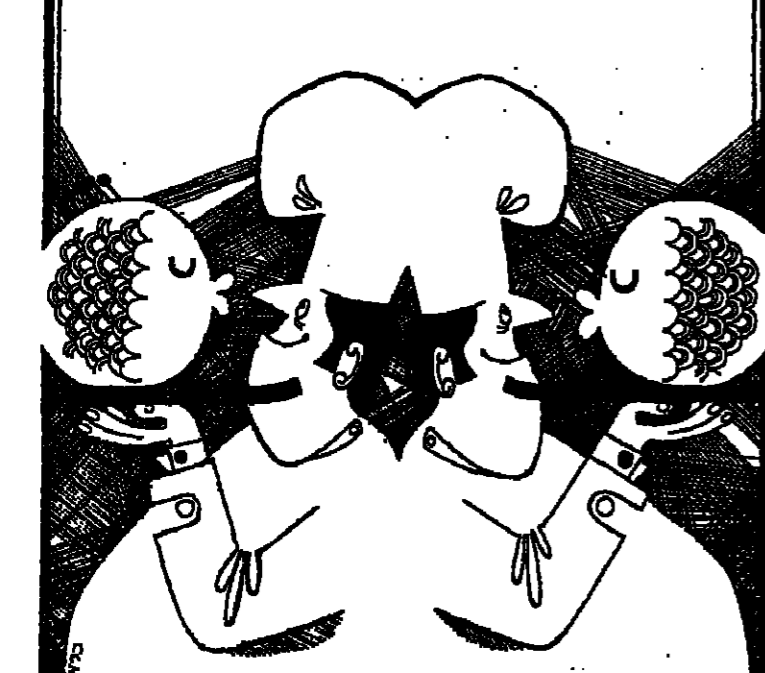
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Elie Wiesel

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## DAYAN WARNS

(Continued from page 1)

implementation on their part, he said.

What was said of Lebanon, also applies to Syria, Mr. Dayan went on. It seems the Syrians are prepared to run the risk of bearing the brunt of retaliatory actions, though it is not prepared to go to war. Should the Syrians try again the type of attacks they carried out last week — the bombing raids in the Golan Heights — they will lose planes, Mr. Dayan warned.

Rav-Aluf Eliazar, interviewed by Israel Radio's military correspondent, emphasized that, in spite of the improvement in the south Lebanon frontier area, the Israel Defence Forces would continue to remain alert and vigilant, and will not tolerate terrorist activity against our civilian settlements.

The Chief of Staff classified the Syrian air force's abortive sortie against Golan Heights settlements, last week, as a "hit-and-run" strike. "They hit very little and ran very fast," he said.

The Syrian air-strike confirmed the official support by the Syrian armed forces of the terrorists, Rav Aluf Eliazar said, reiterating that all terrorist activity along the Syrian frontier required the prior approval and support of the Syrian army, and that the relationship between the armed forces and the terrorist gangs, operating out of Syria "was indeed a very close one."

"That was one of the reasons why our counterstrike could not make an absolute distinction between Syrian army and terrorist bases and we were compelled, oc-

casional, to hit out at both of them."

The Chief of Staff could not cite an absolute figure, but "knew" that the Syrian terrorists had, with certainty, suffered "dozens of casualties."

"We achieved all we intended to do," he noted, lauding the units which had taken part in the action, and, in particular, the Air Force. The Chief of Staff hoped that the operation would contribute to a calming down of the two frontiers. Otherwise, the army would do "whatever would be necessary," to bring this about.

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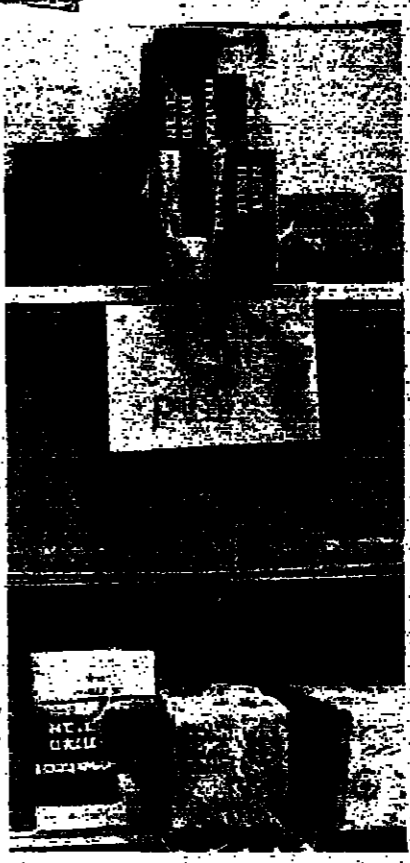
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TEL AVIV. — Five persons suspected of belonging to a gang that planned to smuggle IL4m. worth of hashish abroad were remanded on Friday for 15 days.

They are Moshe and Zippora Savion, Ami Ya'ari and Aharon Lorber — all of Tel Aviv; and Zvi Gafsovit, owner of the villa in Ra'anana, in which police last Wednesday discovered the would-be smugglers packing the drug in disguised "school absorbers."

Police told Magistrate's Court Judge Nehemia Bekr that Moshe Savion was the "brains of the group." He said that when police came to search the Savions' flat in Tel Aviv, Mrs. Savion threw a notebook out the window. It was allegedly found to have contained notes relating to the smuggling operations.

**GEORGIAN IMMIGRANTS** will have a week-long seminar, starting today, at Ohalo on Lake Kinneret. A series of lectures on the political system, security problems and labour history, will be sponsored by the Histadrut and the Absorption Ministry.



Bare bread shelves stared in the faces of many Israeli housewives on Friday. Many had to make do with matzot. (Both-Saar)

## Bread scarce for Sabbath

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Despite assurances to the contrary by bakery owners and workers, bread was in short supply in many towns on Friday as a result of the bakers' go-slow. *Hafot* (Sabbath loaves) were altogether lacking in some places.

Negotiations in the dispute are due to resume today.

In Jerusalem, bread of all kinds was scarce after mid-day on Friday. In Haifa there were no *hafot* at all, and most housewives had brought up all available *matzot*, crackers and *pitot* by noon. The mainly Arab-owned *pitot* bakeries did a thriving business, with long queues forming outside the doors.

Meanwhile, the 3,000 employees of the Histadrut-affiliated *Tzorchanot* supermarkets threaten to stage a warning strike shortly, following the breakdown in negotiations with management on Thursday. The employees are demanding an additional IL30 to IL100 monthly on account of grade promotions, extra pay for working eight shifts, and profit sharing.

## Lebanese terrorists planted Ahhud mine

Jerusalem Post Reporter

ACRE. — The mine which caused injury to 14 JNF afforestation workers in the Ahhud forest, east of here, on Wednesday afternoon, was planted by infiltrators from the Lebanon, it has been established.

This definitely dispels the earlier suspicion that the terror act might have been carried out by residents of nearby Arab villages.

**MOSCOW.** — Rabbi Meir Kafana, head of the Jewish Defence League, announced in Washington on Friday that he will travel to the U.S.S.R. at the head of an "international study group," to study the situation of Soviet Jewry at first hand.

**THE WEATHER**  
Forecast: Partly cloudy with 2-4 hours, probability of light rain, especially in the north. Forecast in temperatures.  
Weather synopsis: A transverse overcast with light rain to heavy rain, inner flow of cold air into the area.  
Yesterday's weather:  
Jerusalem: 11-18  
Golan: 10-18  
Nablus: 10-18  
Safed: 10-18  
Tiberias: 10-18  
Nazareth: 10-18  
Afula: 10-18  
Be'er Sheva: 10-18  
Lod: 10-18  
Tel Aviv: 10-18  
Jericho: 10-18  
Gaza: 10-18  
Beersheba: 10-18  
Eilat: 10-18  
Tiran: 10-18

**ARRIVAL**  
Mrs. Charlotte Jacobson, of Hadassah Medical Organization, New York, to lead the 10th Hadassah Medical Team to the American doctors are talking.  
Prof. Edman Mann, Director, Hadassah Medical Centre, from New York.  
Mr. Sidney A. Schreier, and Mrs. Zilber, at the study mission, to attend the 10th Hadassah Medical Team.  
Mr. Kenneth and Anne Bliskin, and Mrs. Wick and Richard, from the U.S. Marine Corps, to attend the 10th Hadassah Medical Team.  
Mr. Abram Salomon, President of the Jewish National Fund, for consultation.  
Mrs. Hannah Goldberg, and the national president of Hadassah, New York.

**DEPARTURE**  
Mr. Arye Dubin, Treasurer, Jewish Agency, to the U.S. for the Hadassah Medical Team.  
Mr. Haim Laskov, to America, on behalf of the U.S.A. (by El Al).  
Mr. Moshe Rivlin, Director of the Jewish Agency, to England, to attend the 10th Hadassah Medical Team.  
The annual conference of the Zionist Federation (by El Al).

**'Large sums needed for developing arm**

TEL AVIV. — Economic planning money should be devoted to development if Israel is to be ready to defend itself, according to the head of the Weapons Development Authority, told the Engineers' Club on Friday.

This, he said, is due to the fact that both Israel and its neighbors are equipped with some of the most sophisticated weapons in the world and we are far from assured of being able to acquire the material needed.

The development work done in the past, he indicated, is but a drop in the bucket. Israel's influence favourably Israel's ability (of weapons) is being developed, and we need ourselves to be able to sell other items of strictly commercial character. Since the Six Day War, the need added the operations. Authorities have more than 100,000 tons of weapons.

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